

# **CVRP: Data and Analysis Update**

Public Workshop: Update to the 3-Year Plan for LDV Investments (4 Dec. 2018, El Monte CA)

Brett Williams, PhD – Senior Principal Advisor, EV Programs, CSE

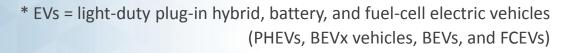
With thanks to:

- Nick Pallonetti, Ryan Bodanyi, John Anderson and others at CSE



# Outline

- <u>Market Update</u>
  - Models,
  - Market Share
  - Sales Price: EVs\* and Non-EVs
- <u>CVRP Update</u>
  - Outputs: Vehicles & Consumers Rebated
  - Outcomes: Behaviors Influenced
  - Impacts: Emission & Market
- Additional Considerations
  - Rebate Effectiveness
  - Select "Before"/"After" Indicators

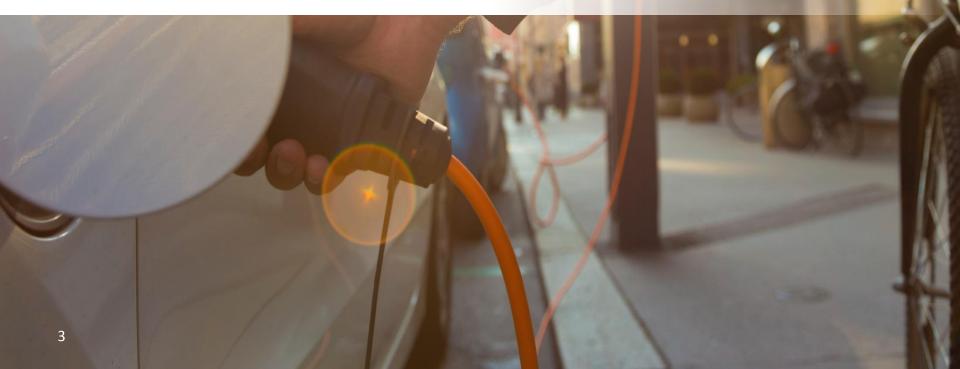




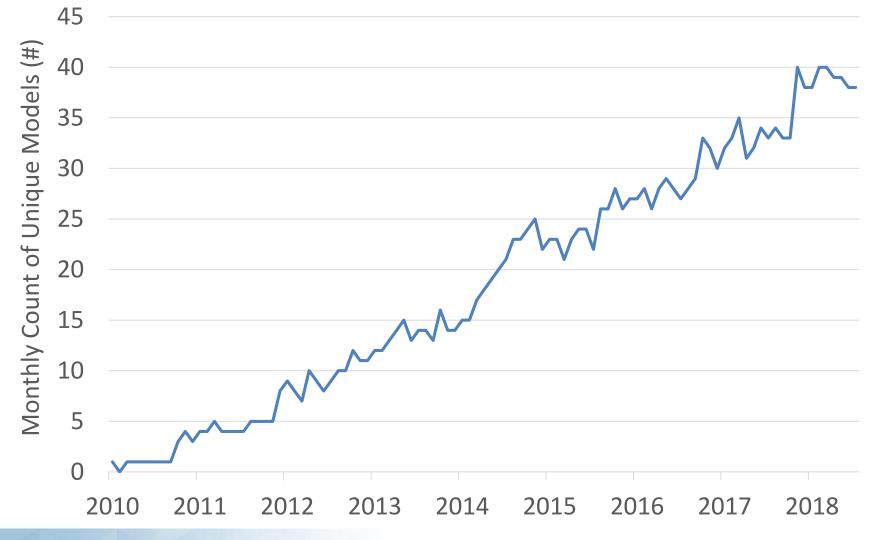


# Market Update

#### Models, Market Share, & Sales Price: EVs and non-EVs



## Unique Light-Duty Electric Vehicle Models Registered



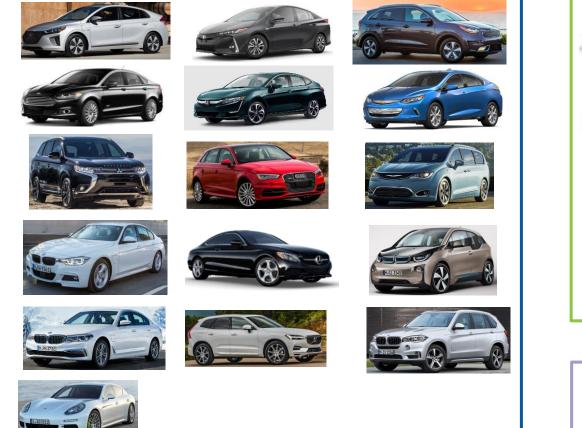
PHEV, BEVx, BEV, and FCEV (no ZEM or CZEVs). Includes content supplied by R.L. Polk & Co, © 2018

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## Electric Vehicle Choices: Major 2018 Models

#### **Plug-in hybrid EVs**

#### **All-battery EVs**











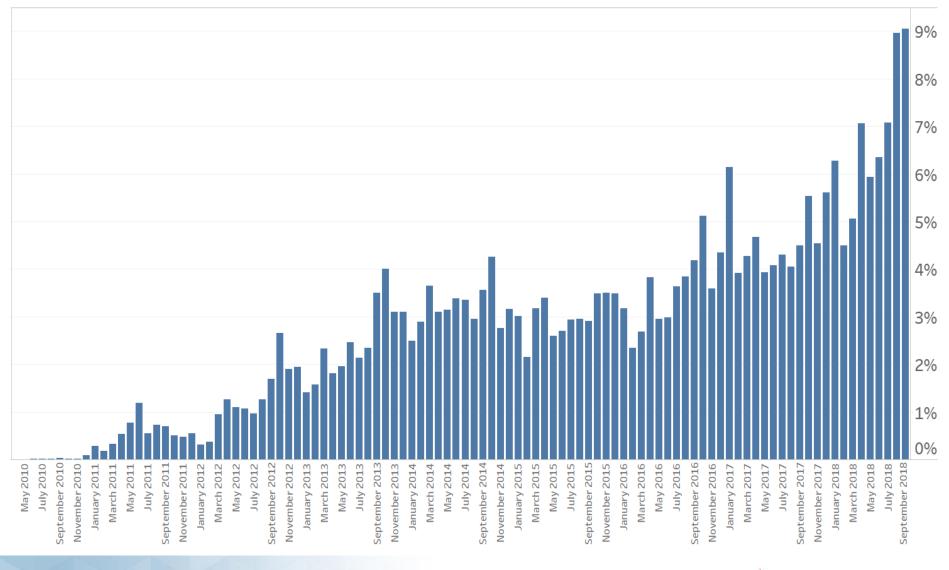
#### **Fuel-cell EVs**







## EV Share of CA New Light-Duty-Vehicle Registrations



Note: LDV denominator includes light pickups and other categories with no EV offerings to date. Includes content supplied by R.L. Polk & Co, © 2018



#### Average Base MSRP and Number of Vehicles: PHEVs (Oct. 2017 – Sept. 2018)

Make	Vehicle Type	\$0 \$10	0,000	\$20,000	\$30,000	\$40,000	\$50,000	\$60,000	\$70,	000	\$80,	000
ΤΟΥΟΤΑ	PHEVs	12,930			\$27,1	00						
FORD	PHEVs	4,461			\$	32,002						
CHEVROLET	PHEVs	10,910				\$34,209						
HONDA	PHEVs	5,934				\$35,204	ļ					
KIA	PHEVs	452				\$35,210	)					
HYUNDAI	PHEVs	517				\$37,1	56					
AUDI	PHEVs	1,694				\$4	1,311					
CHRYSLER	PHEVs	2,779					\$44,600	)				
MERCEDES-BENZ	PHEVs	1,354						\$54,97	5			
BMW	PHEVs	6,096						\$56,6	30			
VOLVO	PHEVs	1,057							\$62 <i>,</i> 73	3		
CADILLAC	PHEVs	100									\$75 <i>,</i>	095
PORSCHE	PHEVs	518									\$75,	,546

*Average Base MSRP' does not reflect actual sale price and excludes typical costs (e.g., delivery charges, added features, etc.). Includes content supplied by R.L. Polk & Co, © 2018* 



#### Average Base MSRP and Number of Vehicles: PHEVs (Oct. 2017 – Sept. 2018)

Make	Vehicle Type	\$0	\$5,000	\$10,000	\$15,000	\$20,000	\$25,000	\$30,000	\$35,000	\$40,000	\$45,000 \$	50,000	\$55,000	\$60,000	\$65,0	000 \$	\$70,000	\$75,00	0 \$80,	000
UDI	Non-EVs	42,110	2								\$45,5	19								
	PHEVs	1,694								\$4	1,311									
BMW	Non-EVs	<i>61,228</i> \$49,004																		
	PHEVs	6,096												\$56,630						
CADILLAC	Non-EVs	11,079	9												\$6	53 <b>,</b> 997	1			
	PHEVs	100																\$7	75,095	
	Non-EVs	138,22	23						\$35	,149										
	PHEVs	10,910	)						\$34,2	209										
	Non-EVs	11,16	7						<mark>\$</mark> 3	5,677										
	PHEVs	2,779									\$44,600	0								
FORD	Non-EVs	181,80	56						\$32,973	3							Vehicl	е Туре		
	PHEVs	4,461							\$32,002											
IONDA	Non-EVs	245,90	50				\$	26,465									Nor			
	PHEVs	5,934							\$35	,204							PHE	EV		
IYUNDAI	Non-EVs	59,64	1				\$22,879	Ð												
	PHEVs	517								\$37,156										
IA	Non-EVs	65,335	5				\$24,1	182												
	PHEVs	452							\$35	,210										
IERCEDES-BENZ	Non-EVs	77,523	3										\$53,5	58						
	PHEVs	1,354											\$54	1,975						
ORSCHE	Non-EVs	12,920	2														\$	\$71,615	j –	
	PHEVs	518																\$	575,546	j.
ΤΟΥΟΤΑ	Non-EVs	327,84	44					\$27,703	3											
	PHEVs	12,930	2					\$27,100												
VOLVO	Non-EVs	12,74	3								\$	47,864	1							
	PHEVs	1,057													\$62,	733				

*Average Base MSRP' does not reflect actual sale price and excludes typical costs (e.g., delivery charges, added features, etc.). Includes content supplied by R.L. Polk & Co, © 2018* 



# Average Base MSRP and Number of Vehicles: BEVs & FCEVs (Oct. 2017 – Sept. 2018)



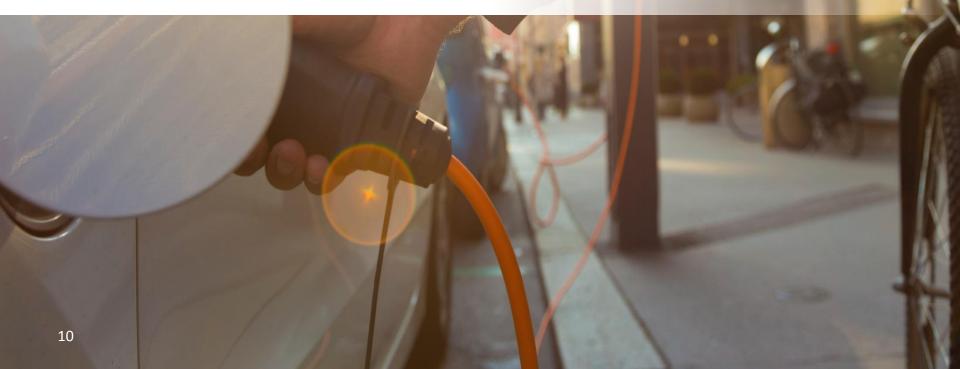
'Average Base MSRP' does not reflect actual sale price and excludes typical costs (e.g., delivery charges, added features, etc.). Includes content supplied by R.L. Polk & Co, © 2018





# **CVRP Update**

Outputs, Outcomes, and Impacts



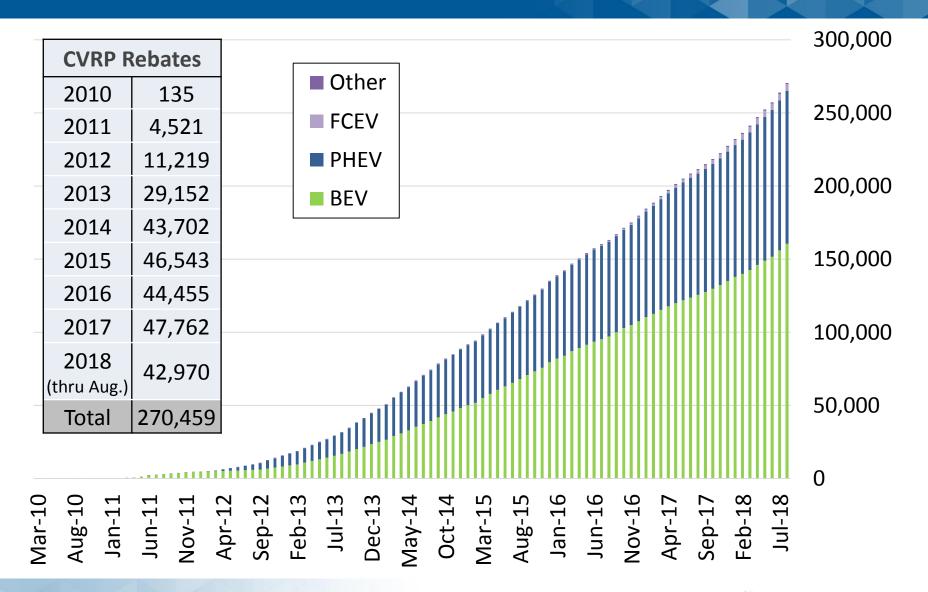


# **CVRP Outputs**

#### Vehicles Rebated



# Cumulative CVRP Rebates (through August 2018)

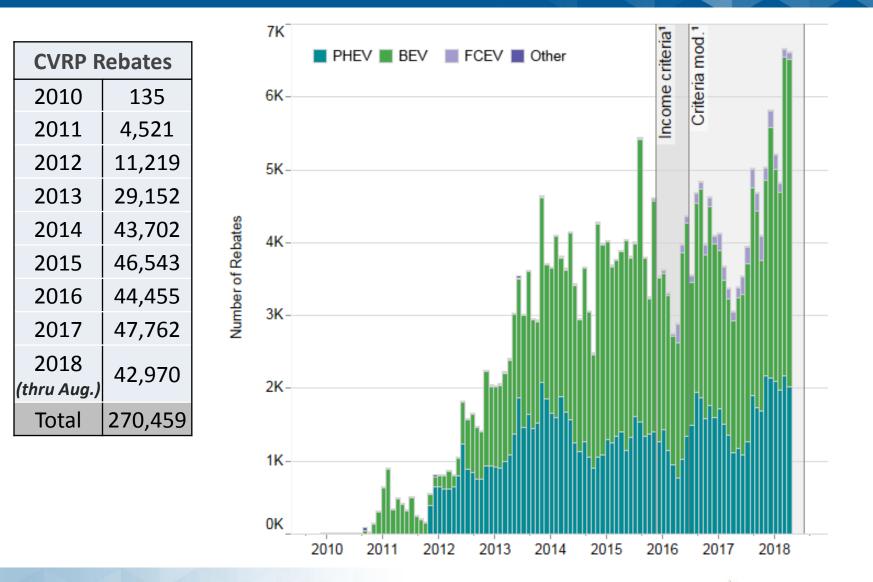


Through August 2018, issued and approved applications

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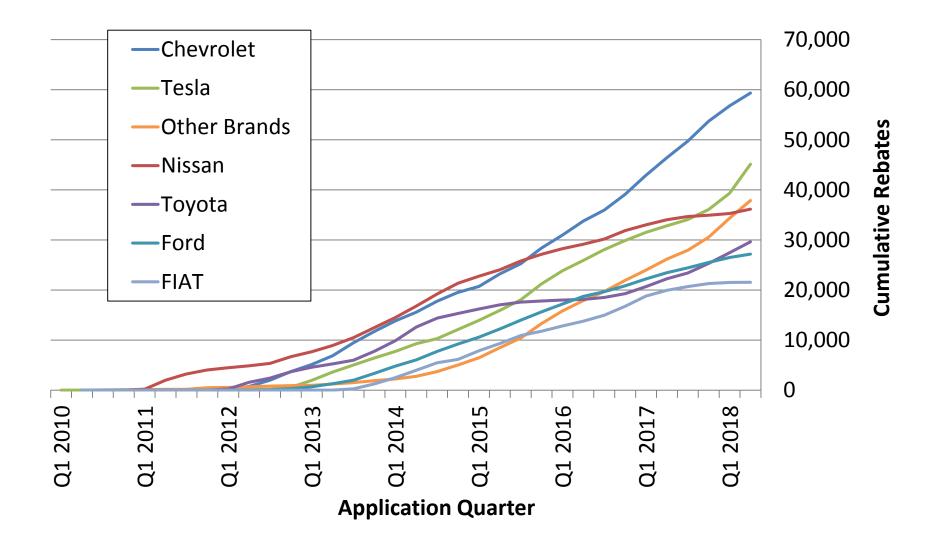
# **CVRP** Rebate Volumes Are Increasing



Through August 2018, issued and approved applications



### Cumulative Rebates by Automaker (through June 2018)

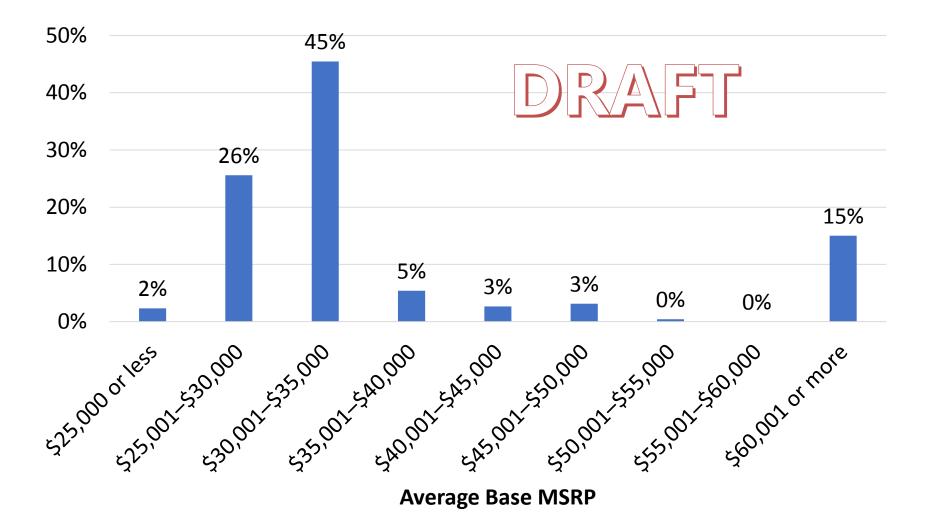




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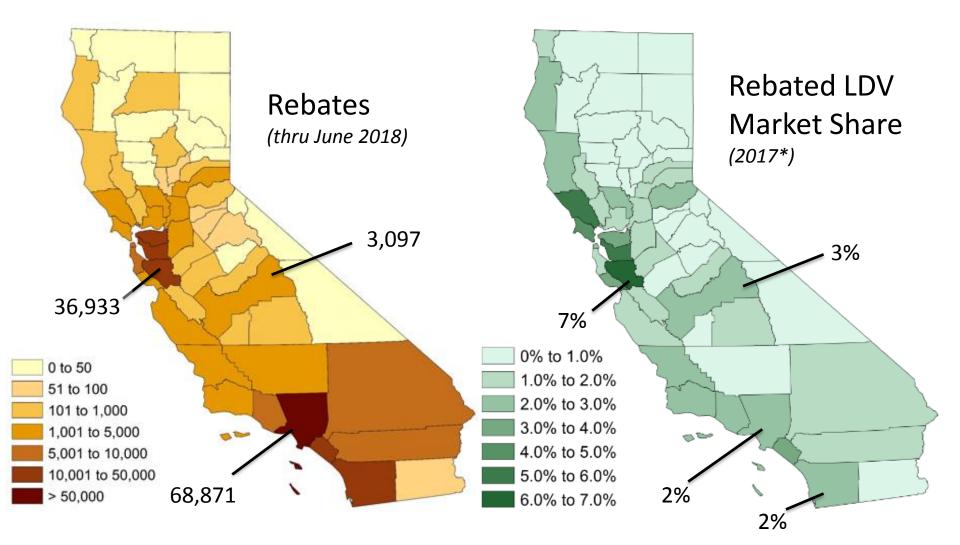
## Moderately-Priced Vehicles Receive Most Rebates: Life of Program (Plug-in Vehicles through Aug. 2018)



Through August 2018. 'Average Base MSRP' does not reflect actual sale price and excludes typical
costs (delivery charges, additional features, etc.). Includes content supplied by R.L. Polk & Co, ©
2018. Note: 129 vehicles excluded due to insufficient data.



## Rebates By County: Absolute and Share of Market



\* Applications received in 2017, which may not align as closely to LDV registration dates as application purchase dates Includes content supplied by R.L. Polk & Co, © 2018

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# **Outputs**

#### Consumers Rebated (incl. Equity Indicators)



## **Majority Characteristics**

	Vehicle purchase	CVRP Consumer Survey 2016–17 edition						
	"intenders" (СНТЅ 2012)	All	PHEV	BEV				
White/ Caucasian	76%	56%	58%	54%				
Male	49%	72%	71%	73%				
≥ Bachelor's degree	66%	79%	76%	81%				
Detached homes	75%	77%	75%	78%				
40–59 years old	52%	50%	48%	51%				
< \$150k HH Income	79%	80%	83%	77%				

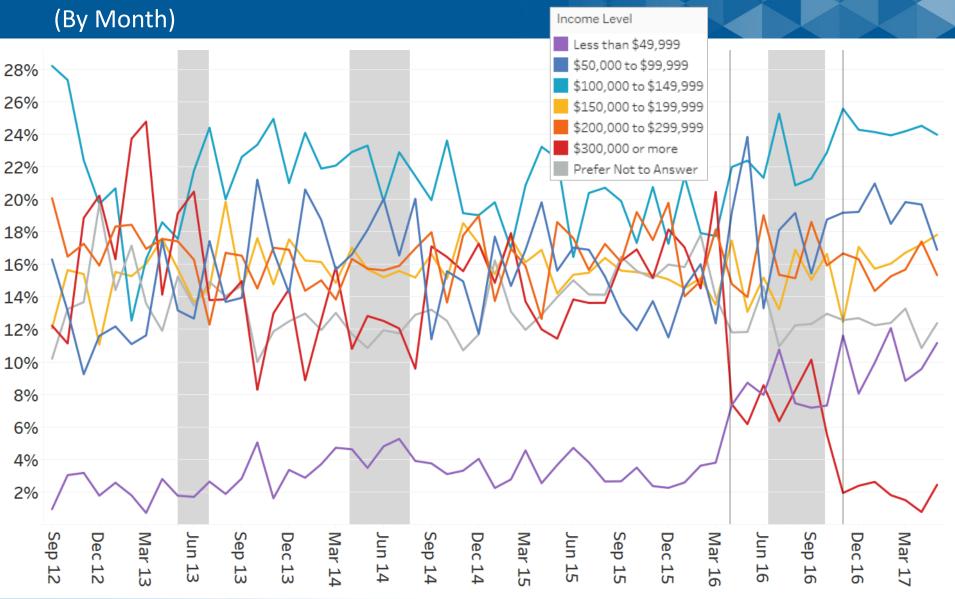
CVRP Consumer Survey: 2016–17 edition, purchase dates Nov 2016–May 2017,



California Household Travel Survey, 2012: weighted, n = 42,431

weighted n = 5,697

## **CVRP** Rebates By Household Income Over Time

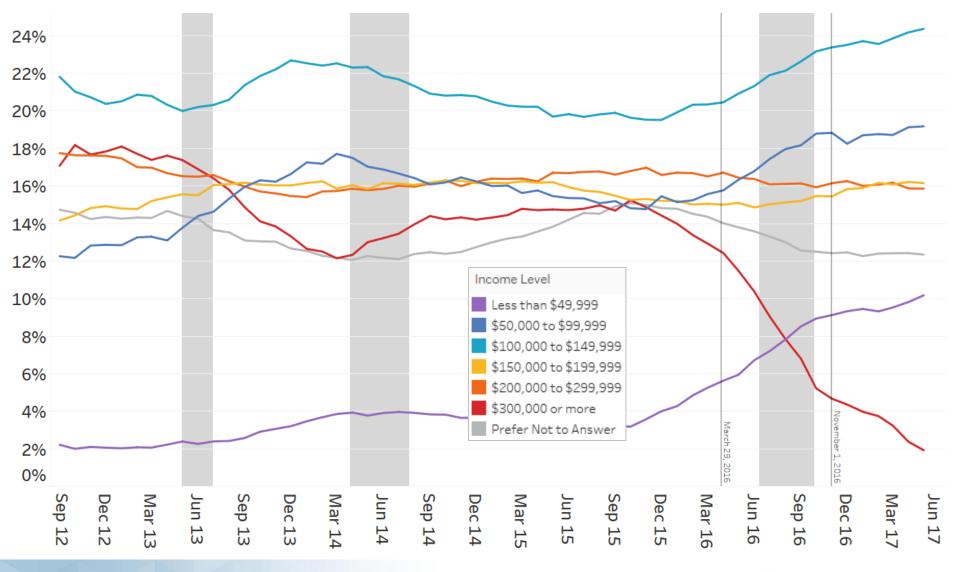


Shaded bands denote waitlist periods. Source: CVRP Consumer Survey, Sept. 2012–May 2017



## **CVRP** Rebates By Household Income Over Time

(Smoothed with 1-Year Running Average)

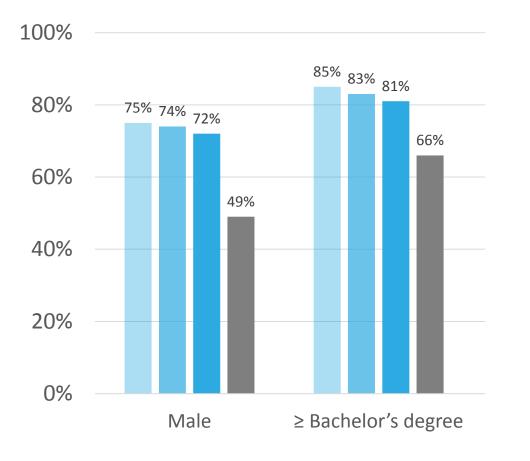


Shaded bands denote waitlist periods.

Source: CVRP Consumer Survey, Sept. 2012–May 2017



## Even Where Differences Remain, Rebate Recipients Look More And More Like Other Car Buyers



■ 2013–2015 ■ 2015–2016 ■ 2016–2017 ■ Vehicle purchase "intenders" (CHTS 2012)

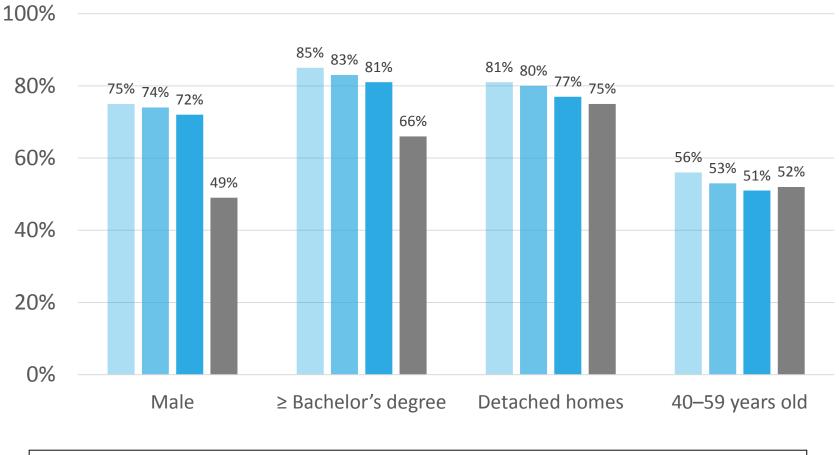
CVRP Consumer Survey, Sept. 2012–May 2017: 2013–15 edition, weighted, n = 19,460;

2015–16 edition, weighted, n = 11,611; 2016–17 edition, weighted, n = 9,367

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California Household Travel Survey, 2012: weighted, n = 42,431

## Even Where Differences Remain, Rebate Recipients Look More And More Like Other Car Buyers



■ 2013–2015 ■ 2015–2016 ■ 2016–2017 ■ Vehicle purchase "intenders" (CHTS 2012)

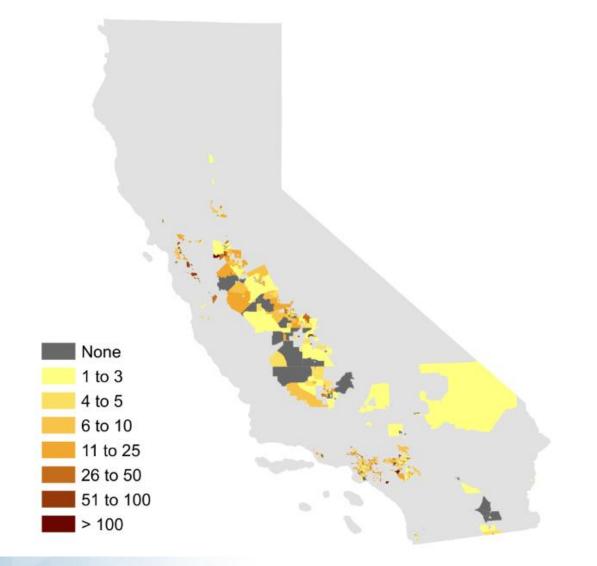
CVRP Consumer Survey, Sept. 2012–May 2017: 2013–15 edition, weighted, n = 19,460;

2015–16 edition, weighted, n = 11,611; 2016–17 edition, weighted, n = 9,367



California Household Travel Survey, 2012: weighted, n = 42,431

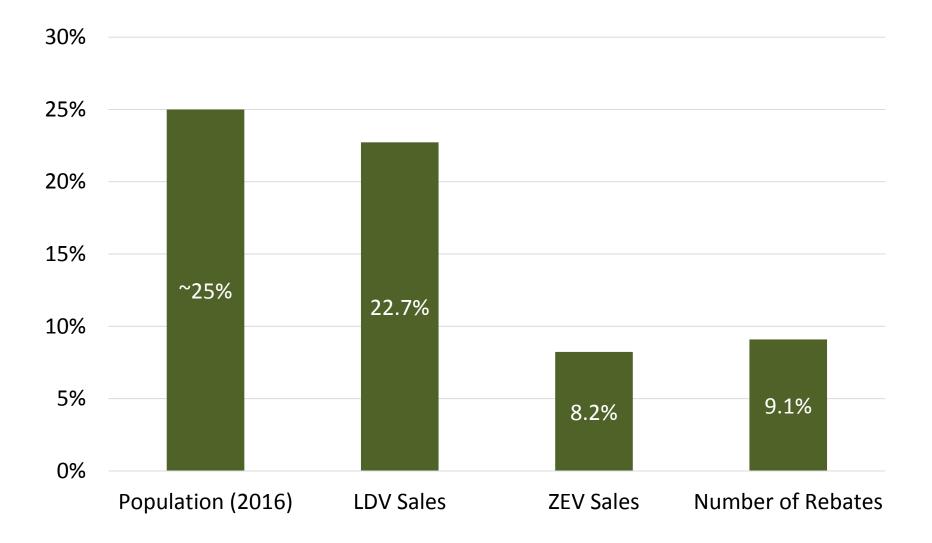
## Rebates in Disadvantaged Communities (DACs)



Through June 2018, issued and approved.



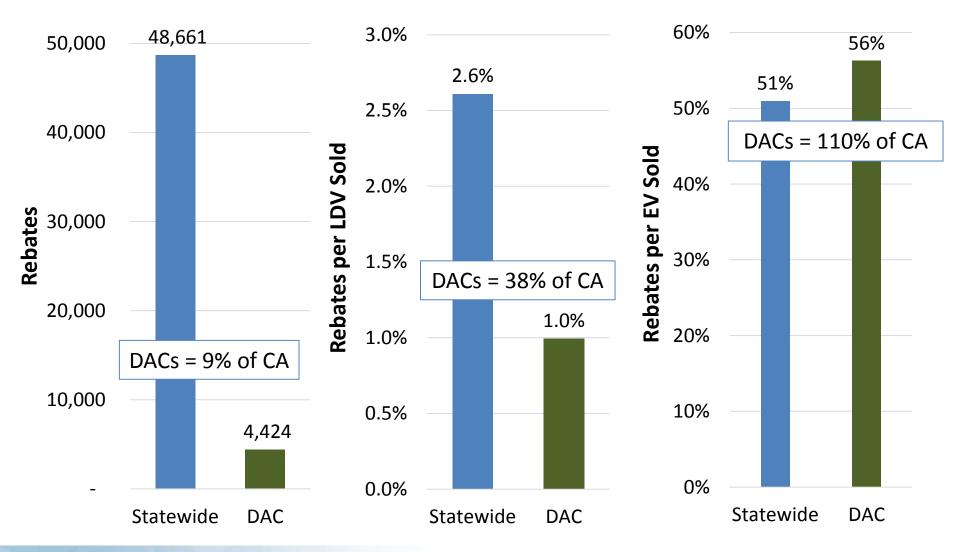
## Disadvantaged Communities (DACs) (2017)



Includes vehicles purchased/registered in 2017. Population data from U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 2016 5-year estimates. Includes content supplied by R.L. Polk & Co, © 2018



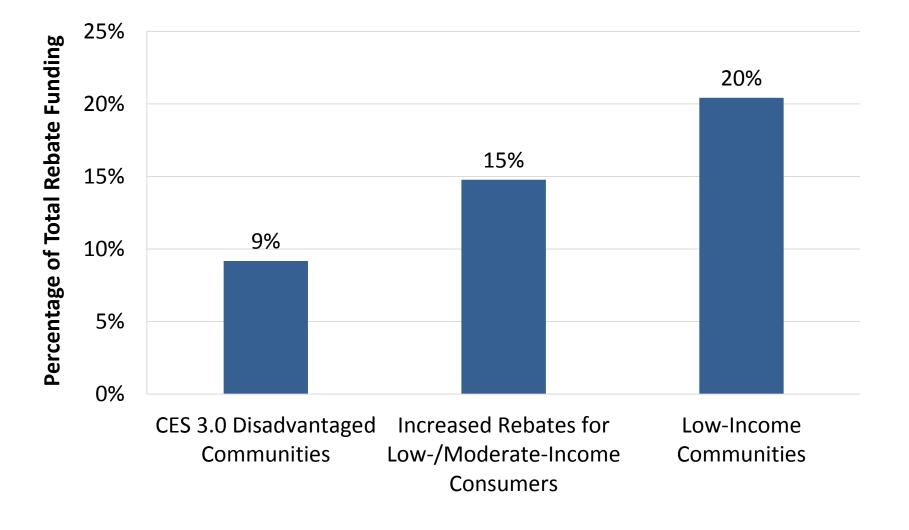
## Context Is Important: DAC vs. CA Rebates (2017)



Includes vehicles purchased/registered in 2017 and content supplied by R.L. Polk & Co, © 2018. Note: Some PHEV models could not be identified in the registration data, which may result in a minor overestimation of percent of market rebated.

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## Funding Proportion Going to Equity Groups: Current Program (Nov. 2016 thru June 2018)



Issued rebates and approved applications Note: equity groups displayed are not mutually-exclusive Low-income communities as defined for AB 1550





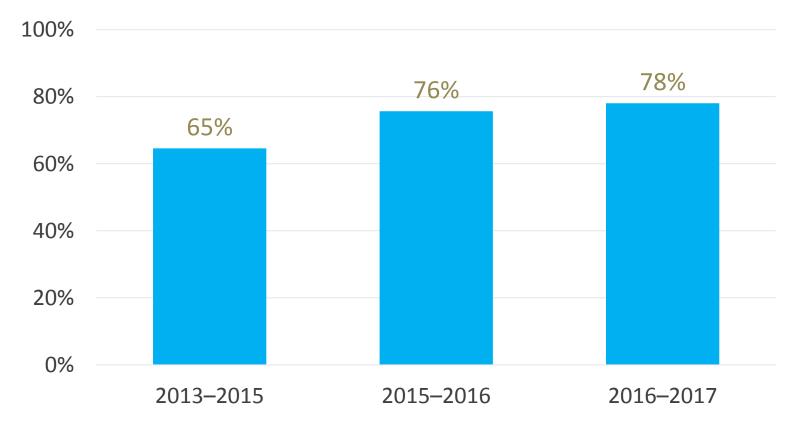
## **Outcomes**

#### **Behaviors Influenced**





# Replaced a vehicle with their rebated EV



CVRP Consumer Survey. 2013–2015 edition: weighted, n=19,247

2015–2016 edition: weighted, n=11,583 2016–2017 edition: weighted, n=9,342



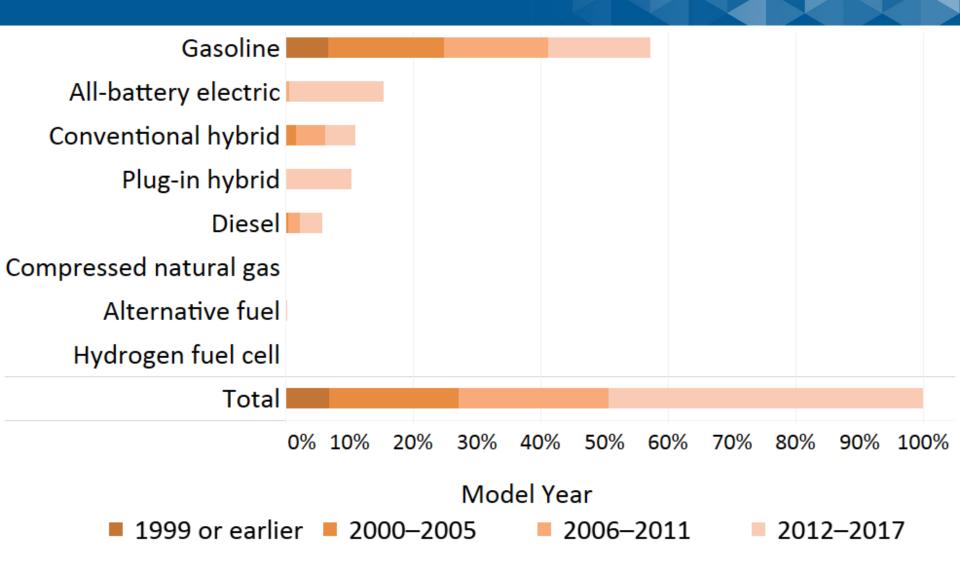


# Impacts

#### Emission



## What vehicles types have rebates helped replace?



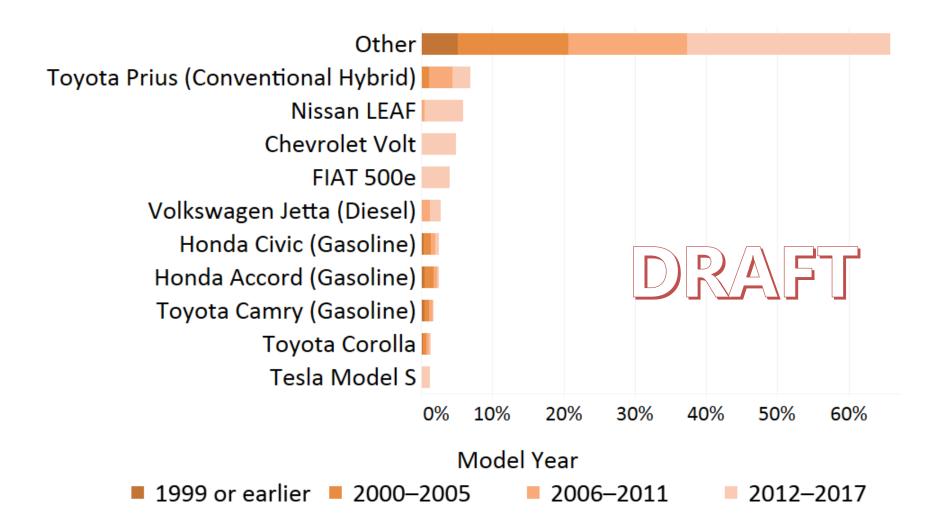
CVRP Consumer Survey. 2016–2017 edition, trimmed to start November 2016,

*PEV respondents only, weighted, n=4,695* 

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# **Replaced Vehicle Distribution**



CVRP Consumer Survey. 2016–2017 edition, trimmed to start November 2016,



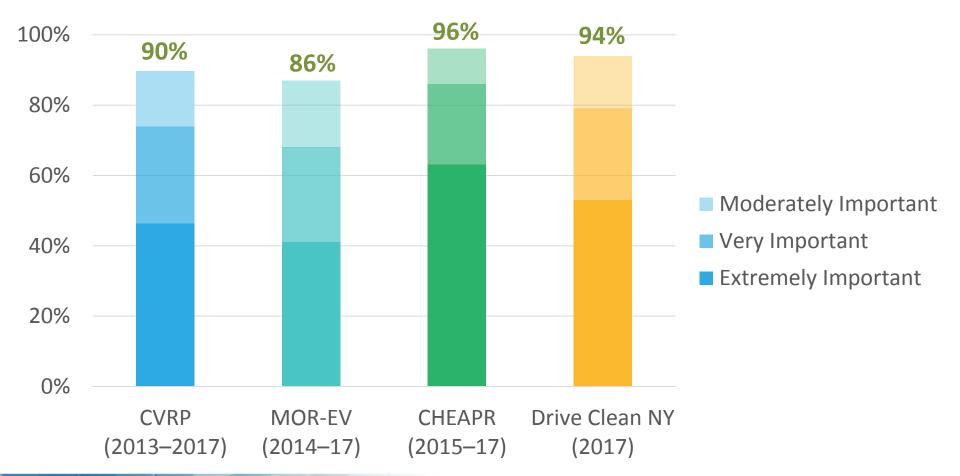
PEV respondents only, weighted, n=4,688



# **Impacts** Market

# Rebate Influence: Importance

# How **important** was the state rebate in **making it possible** for you to acquire your clean vehicle?

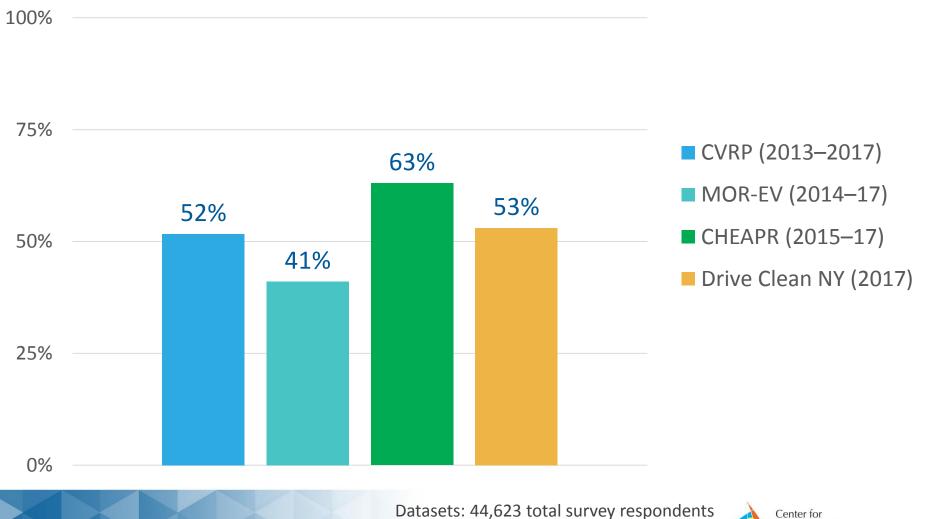


Datasets: 44,623 total survey respondents weighted to represent 196,641 participants



# Rebate Influence: Essentiality

## Would not have purchased/leased their EV without rebate



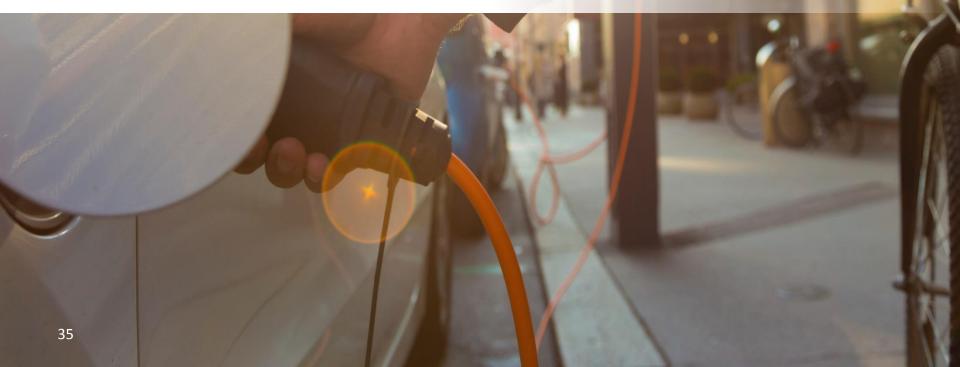
weighted to represent 196,641 participants

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# **Additional Considerations**

Rebate Effectiveness, "Before/After" Comparisons



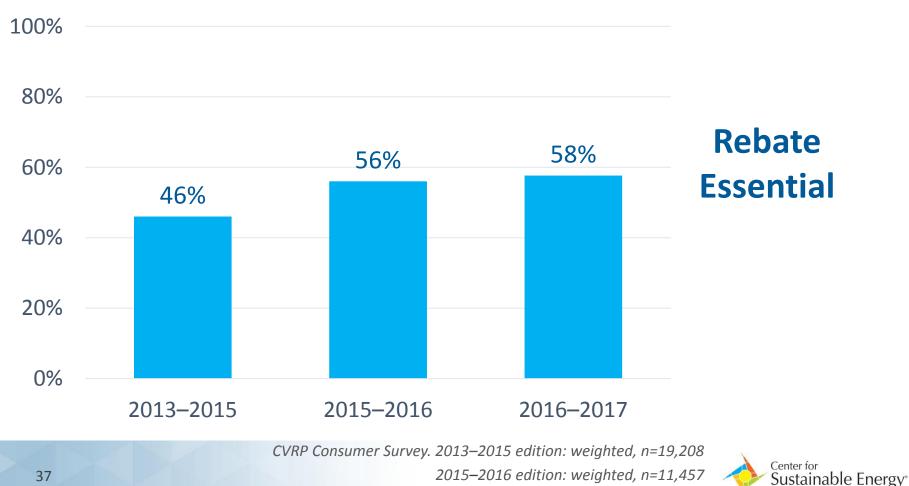


# **Rebate Effectiveness**



# Rebate Essentiality is Increasing Over Time

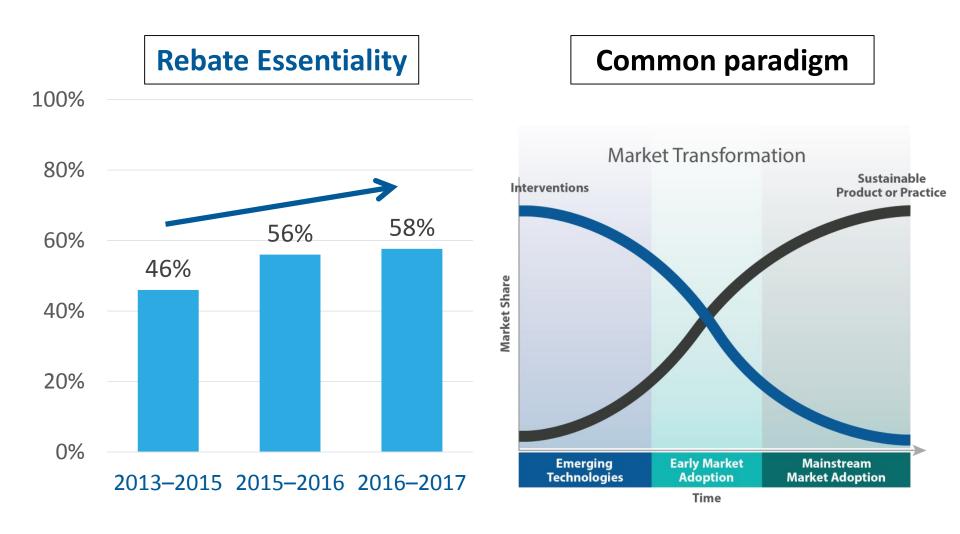
#### Would **not** have purchased/leased their EV **without rebate**



2016–2017 edition: weighted, n=9,261

# **Rebate Essentiality**





CVRP Consumer Survey. 2013–2015 edition: weighted, n=19,208

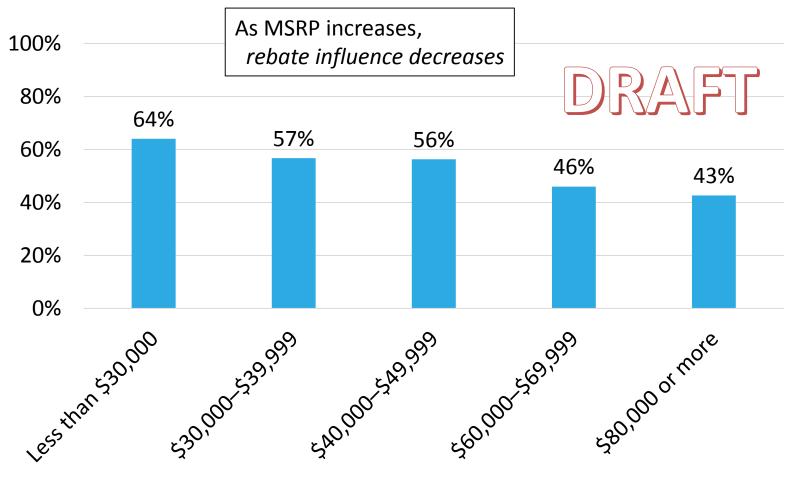
2015–2016 edition: weighted, n=11,457 🛛 🖂

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2016–2017 edition: weighted, n=9,261

## Rebate Essentiality Reflects Interesting Trends





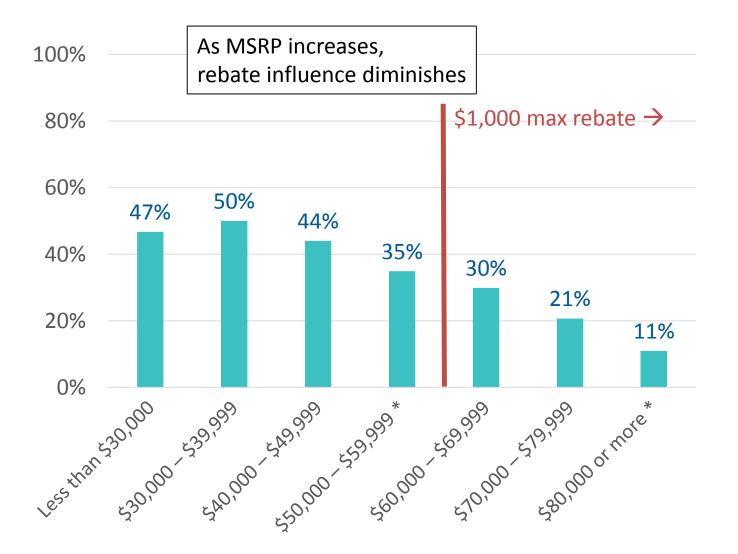
Average Base MSRP

CVRP Consumer Survey: 2016–17 edition, weighted, n = 8,927



## Rebate Essentiality Reflects Interesting Trends

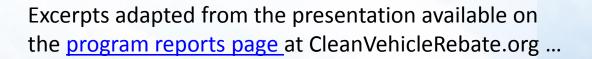




\* = small sample size (n < 30) in bin. MOR-EV Survey, 2014–17:</li>
n = 2,549 total respondents, weighted to represent N=5,754 participants



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# Targeting EV Outreach and Incentives to Cost-Effective "Rebate-Essential" Consumers

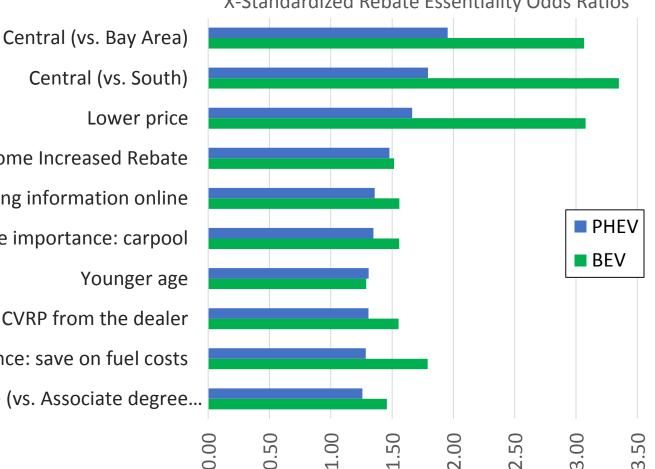
EVS 31, 3 October 2018 Brett Williams, M.Phil. (cantab), Ph.D. – Senior Principal Advisor, EV Programs John Anderson – Research Analyst







## **Targeting Rebate-Essential Consumers: Odds-Increasing Factors for PHEV and BEV Consumers**



Lower price Lower-income Increased Rebate Difficulty finding information online More importance: carpool Younger age Did not hear about CVRP from the dealer More importance: save on fuel costs Postgraduate degree (vs. Associate degree... X-Standardized Rebate Essentiality Odds Ratios

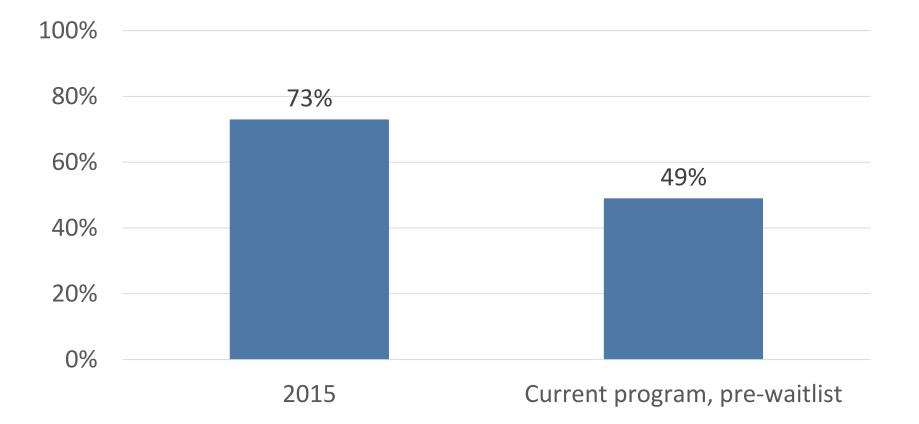


# **Income Criteria: Before and After**



## Percent-of-EV-market-rebated decreased

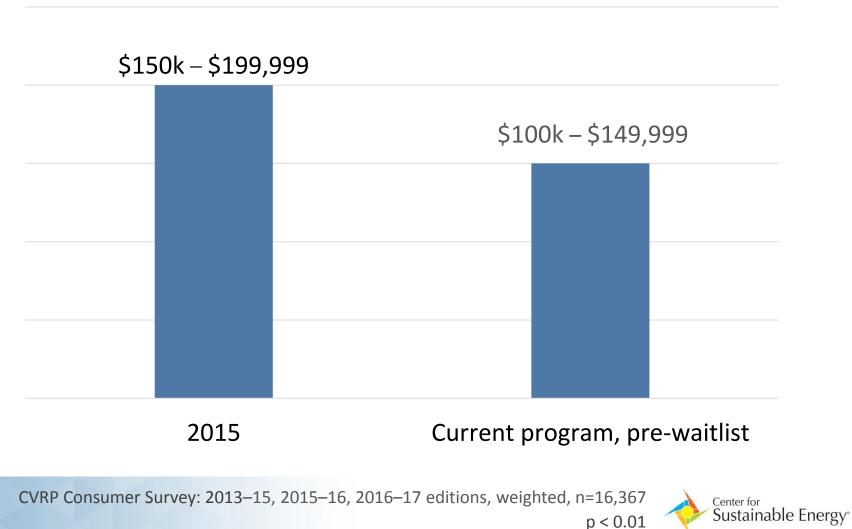
#### (only individual consumers shown)



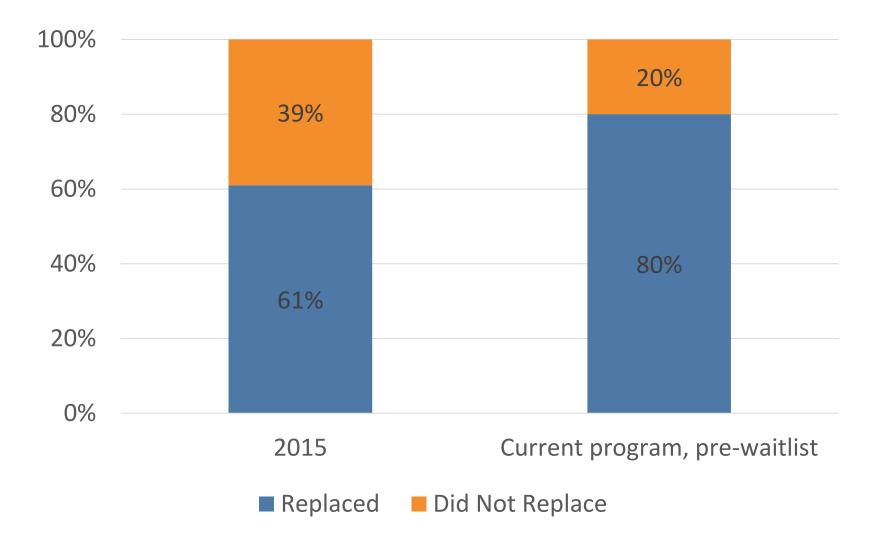
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CVRP Rebate Statistics and IHS Markit EV registration data

# Median income decreased



# Vehicle replacement increased

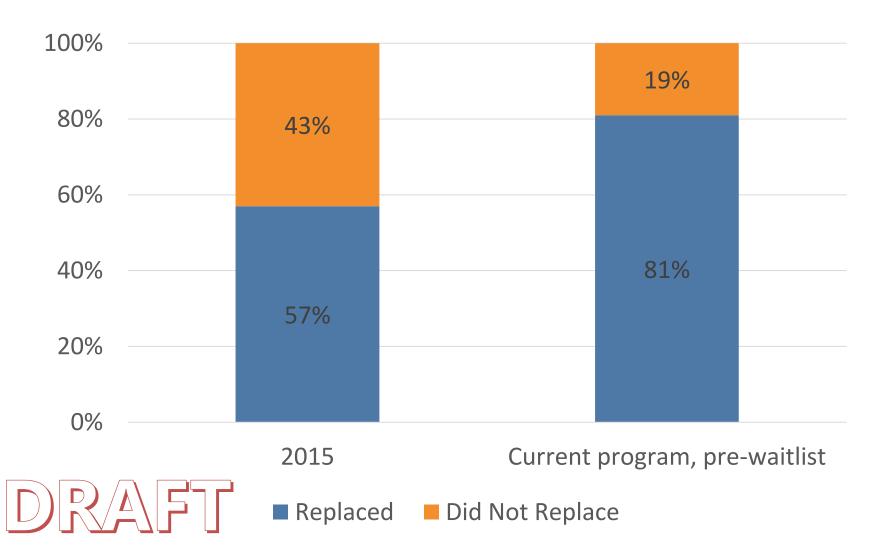


CVRP Consumer Survey: 2013–15, 2015–16, 2016–17 editions, weighted, n=16,432



p = 0.01

# Particularly for low-income communities





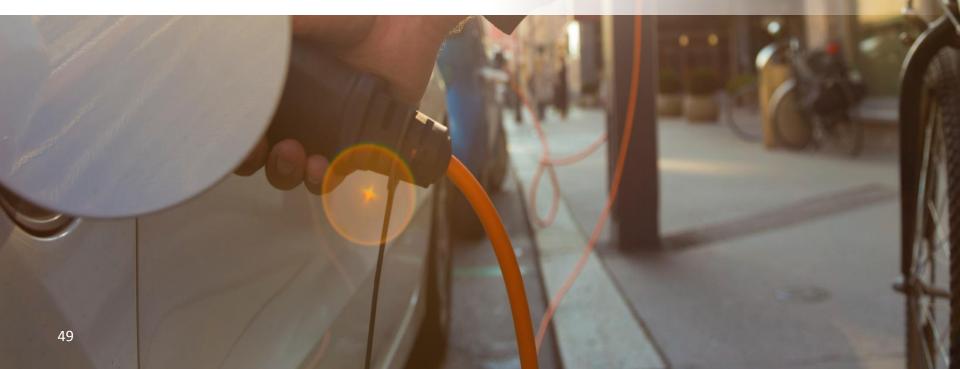
- Regression discontinuity?
- Propensity scoring?





# Questions

*Time to Discuss??* 



# How can we help?

brett.williams@energycenter.org

Presentation available at: <u>https://cleanvehiclerebate.org/</u>

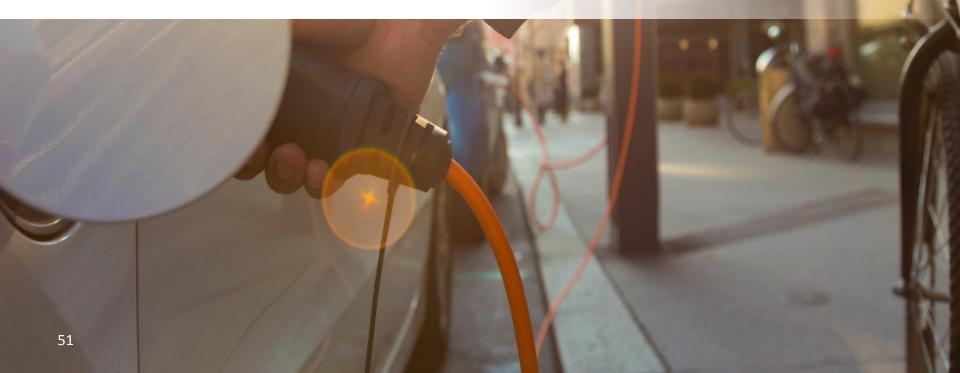


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# **Online Resources & Extra Slides**

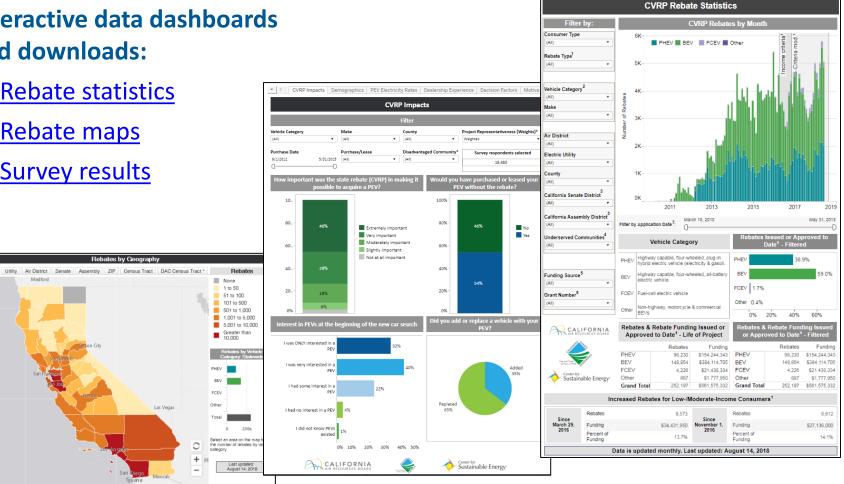


# Tracking: CVRP Transparency Tools

#### Interactive data dashboards and downloads:

- **Rebate statistics**
- **Rebate maps**
- Survey results

Medford

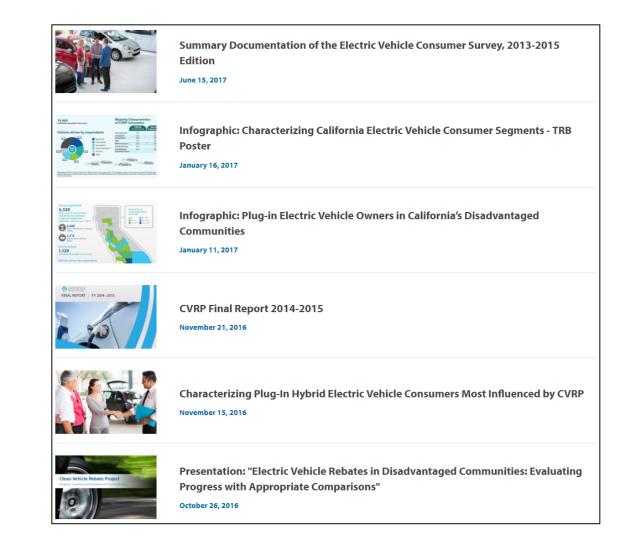




County

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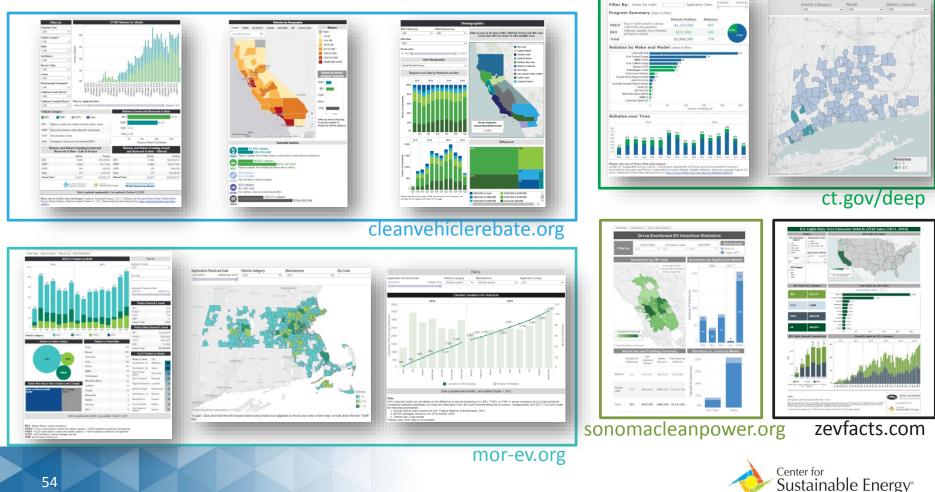
## Reports, analysis, infographics & presentations





#### Where can I get additional data?: CSE Transparency Tools

## Public dashboards facilitate informed action across multiple U.S. states and regions



# Additional Participant Evaluation Examples

- Progress in Disadvantaged Communities (AEA pres 2016)
- Information Channels (<u>EV Roadmap</u> pres, 2016)
  - Exposure & importance of various channels, consumer time spent researching various topics

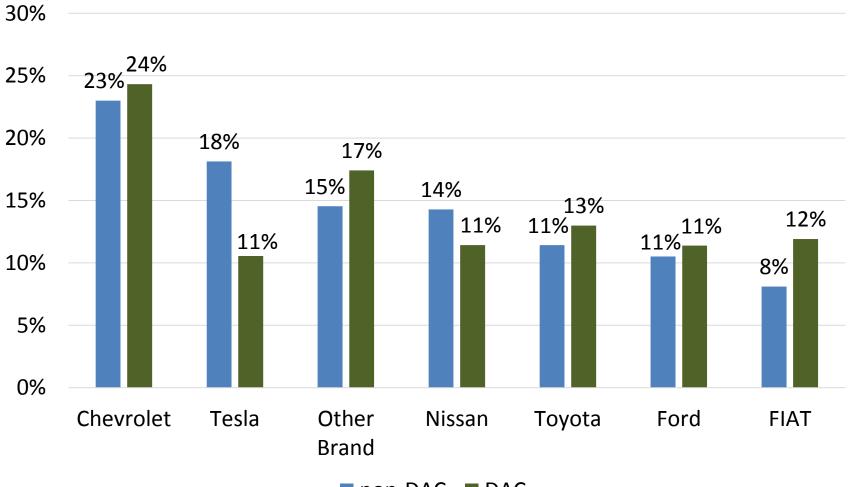
Infographics

- Overall (CVRP infographic, 2016)
- Disadvantaged Communities (CVRP DAC infographic, 2017)
- Characterization of Participating Vehicles and Consumers (CVRP research workshop pres, 2015)
- **Program Participation** by Vehicle Type and County (<u>CVRP brief 2015</u>)
- **Dealer services**: Importance and **Prevalence** (EF pres 2015)





# Rebate Share by Major Brand and Disadvantaged Community (DAC) Status



non-DAC DAC

*"Major": > 20,000 rebates. Through June 2018, issued and approved.* 



Excerpts adapted from the presentation available on the program reports page at CleanVehicleRebate.org ...





Massachusetts Offers Rebates for Electric Vehicles





## **Electric Vehicle Rebates: Exploring Indicators of Impact in Four States**

EV Roadmap 11, Portland OR, 20 June 2018 Brett Williams, Ph.D. – Principal Advisor, Clean Transportation Michelle Jones and Georgina Arreola – Analysts

Thanks also to Jaclyn Vogel and others at CSE



## Consumer Survey Data (Rebates to Individuals Only)

	CLEAN VEHICLE REBATE PROJECT <sup>™</sup>	MOR-EV Massachusetts Offers Rebates for Electric Vehicles	CONSCIENCE ALCONOCIONE PURCHASE REDATE	NEW YORK STATE	Total
Vehicle Purchase/ Lease Dates	Dec. 2010 – May 2017	July 2014 – October 2017	May 2015 – June 2017	March 2017 – Nov. 2017	Dec. 2010 – Nov. 2017
Survey Responses (total n)*	40,438	2,549	819	817	44,623
Program Population (N)	185,367	5,754	1,583	3,937	196,641

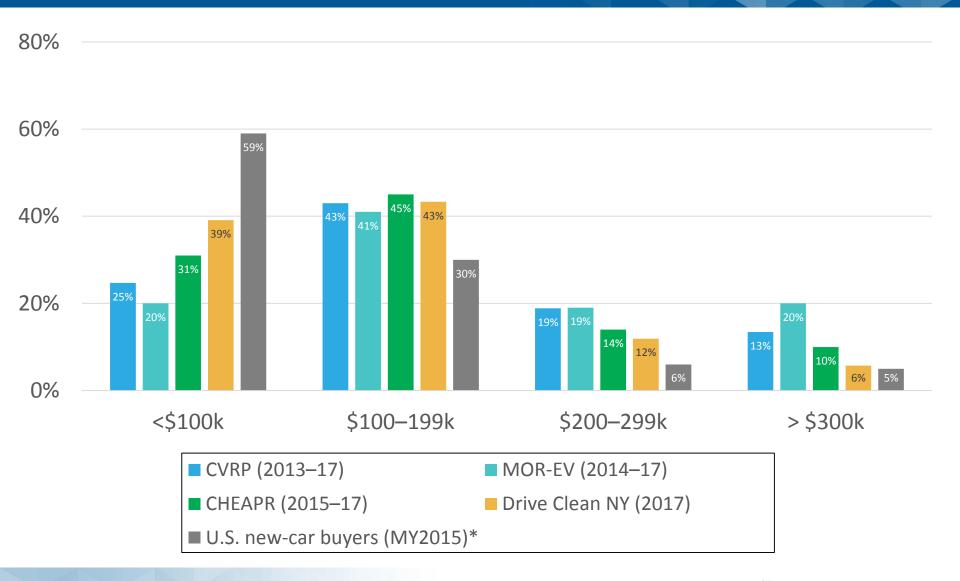
\* Weighted to represent the program population along the dimensions of vehicle category, vehicle model, buy vs. lease, and county (using raking method)



# Data comparability: Program designs vary

	CLEAN VEHICLE REBATE PROJECT <sup>®</sup>	MOR-EV Massachusetts Offers Rebates for Electric Vehicles	Connecticut Hydrogen and Electric Automobile Purchase Rebate	
Fuel-Cell EVs	\$5,000	\$2,500	\$5,000	<u>e-miles</u>
All-Battery EVs	\$2,500	\$2,500	<u>e-miles</u> ≥ 175 \$3,000 ≥ 100 \$2,000	≥ 120 \$2,000 ≥ 40 \$1,700
Plug-in Hybrid EVs	\$2,500 (i3 REx) \$1,500	≥10 kWh \$2,500 <10 kWh \$1,500	< 100 \$500 ≥ 40 \$2,000 < 40 \$500	≥ 20 \$1,100 < 20 \$500
Zero-Emission Motorcycles	\$900	\$750		
59	e-miles ≥ 20 only; Consumer income cap and increased rebates for lower- income households	MSRP ≥ \$60k = \$1,000 max., no fleet rebates	MSRP ≤ \$60k only; dealer assignment; \$150 dealer incentive (\$300 previous)	MSRP > \$60k = \$500 max.; point-of-sale via dealer

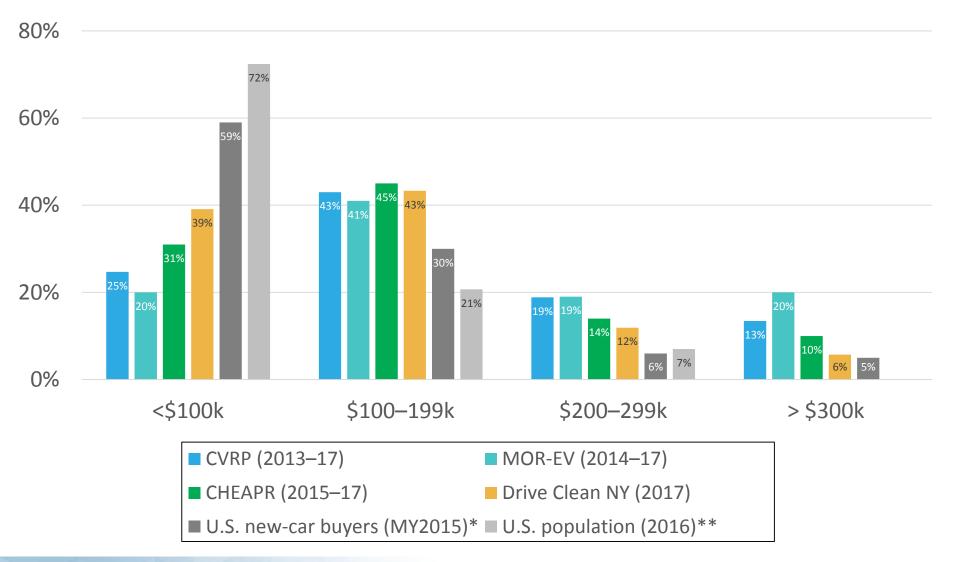
#### Most Rebate Recipients Have *Moderate* Household Incomes



44,623 total survey respondents weighted to represent 196,641 participants \* Personal correspondence, Prof. Bunch (UCD)



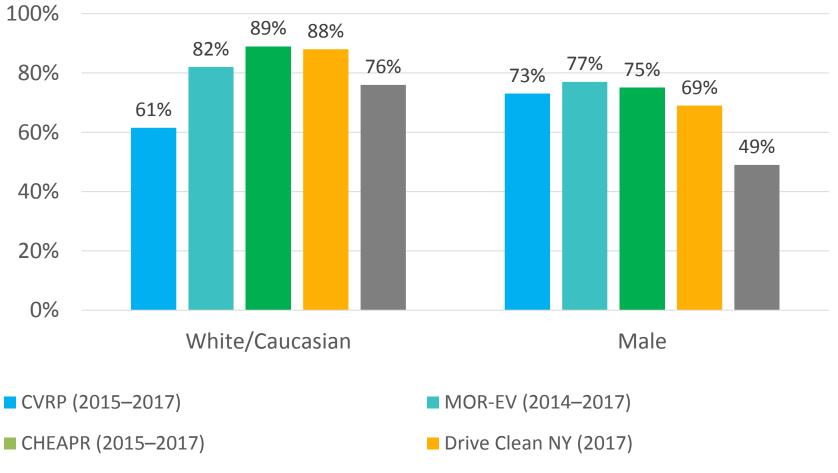
#### The Best Comparison is to New Car Buyers, *Not the U.S. Population*



44,623 total survey respondents weighted to represent 196,641 participants \* Personal correspondence, Prof. Bunch (UCD) \*\* U.S. Census Data



# Are White Males Over-Represented?



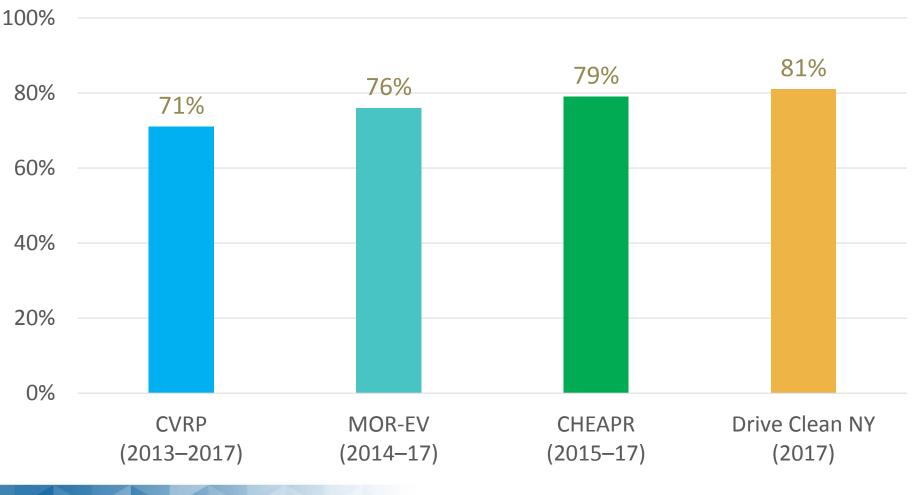
■ CA vehicle-purchase "intenders" (CHTS 2012)

25,163 total weighted survey responses California Household Travel Survey, 2012: weighted, n = 42,431.



## Do EVs get used?

## Replaced a vehicle with their rebated clean vehicle



Datasets: 44,623 total survey respondents

weighted to represent 196,641 participants

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## Do EVs get used?: by Tech Type

# Replaced a vehicle with their rebated EV

78% 81% 83% 84% 80% 72% 71% CVRP 66% 65% (2013 - 2017)60% MOR-EV (2014 - 17)40% CHEAPR (2015 - 17)Drive Clean NY 20% (2017)0%

Plug-in Hybrid EVs

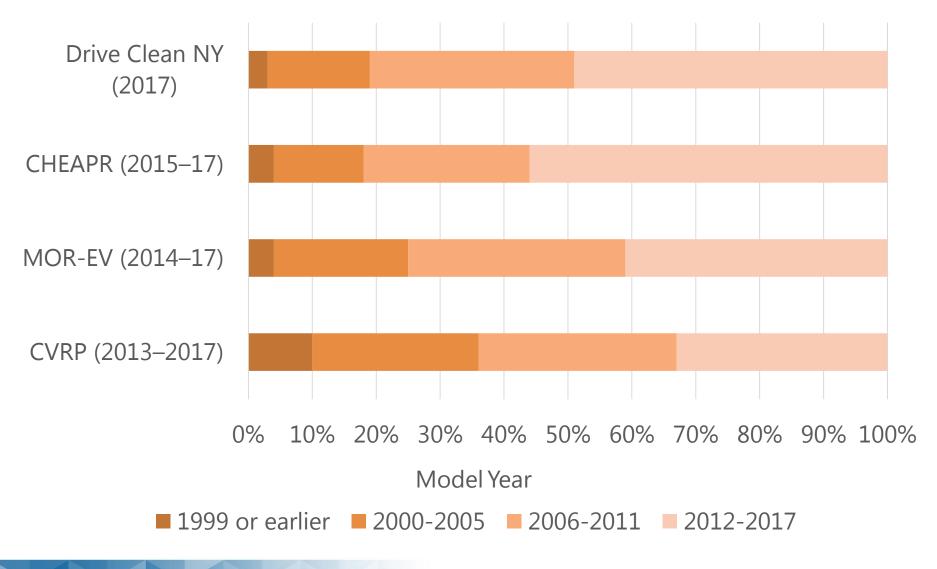
#### Battery EVs

Datasets: 44,623 total survey respondents weighted to represent 196,641 participants



100%

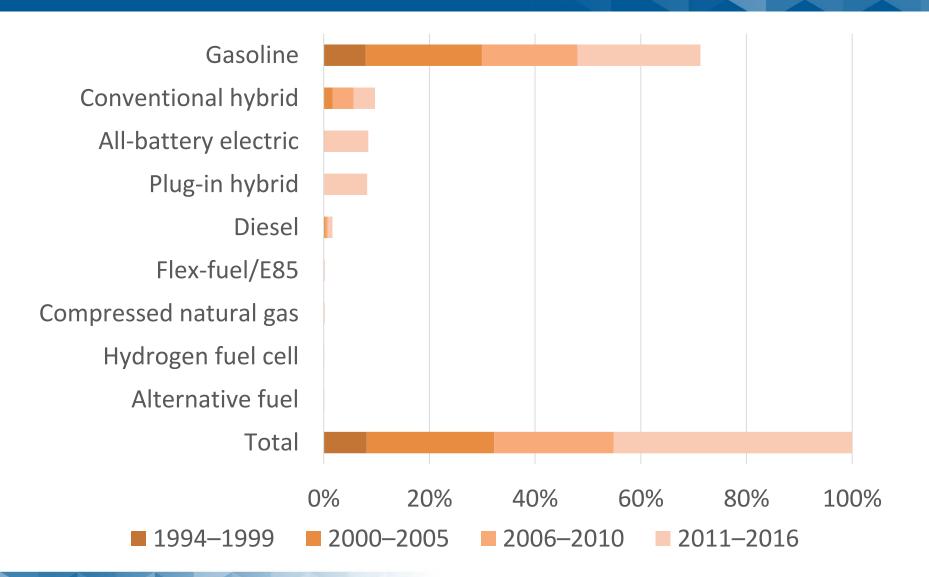
## What vehicles have rebates helped replace?

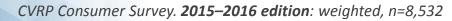


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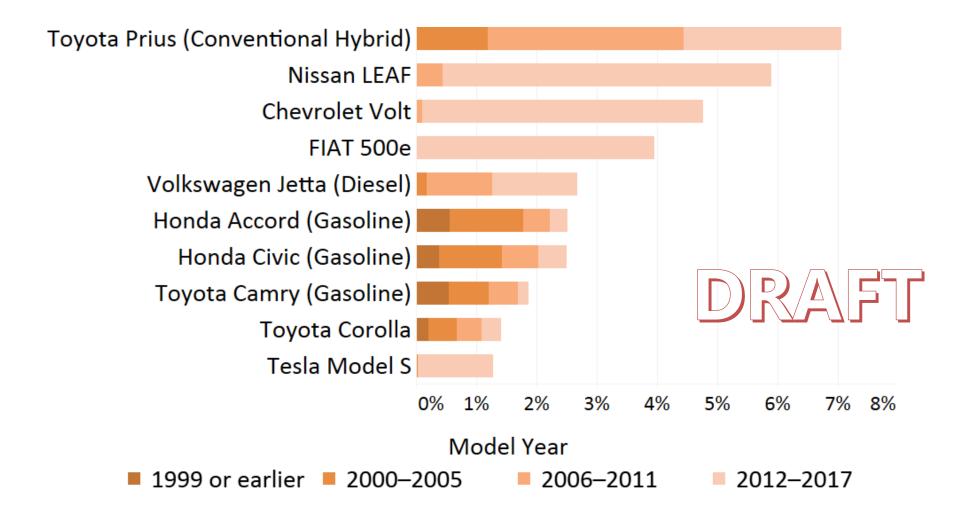
Center for Sustainable Energy™

## What vehicles have rebates helped replace?





## PEV-Replaced Vehicle Distribution: Top 10 Models



CVRP Consumer Survey. 2016–2017 edition, trimmed to start November 2016,



PEV respondents only, weighted, n=1,601

# Methodology: Characterizing Rebate-Essential Consumers

	Rebate Essentials		
Research Objective	Identify characteristics associated with increased rebate influence		
Strategic Purpose	Informs targeting resources at consumers who otherwise would not adopt		
Model	Binary logistic regression		
Outcome variable:	"Would you have purchased or leased your PEV without the CVRP rebate?" [yes, no]		
Predictor variables:	Consumer, household, vehicle, and transactional data		
<b>Data</b> Nov 2016 – May 2017	Plug-in hybrid (PHEV) (n=2,235)	All-battery (BEV) (n=3,105)	



# Methodology: "Before and After"

- Data used:
  - Foundational dataset
    - CVRP rebate statistics, CalEnviroscreen Disadvantaged community (DAC) geodatabase, CVRP consumer survey data.
  - Polk EV registration data
- Data was split into 5 date ranges based on vehicle purchase date.
  - Pre-Income cap: Start of CVRP through 12/31/2015
  - Pre-cap market: 2015
  - Run-up: 1/1/2016 through 3/28/2016
  - Transition (from first income provision): 3/29/2016 through 10/31/2016
  - Post-income cap, pre-waitlist: 11/1/2016 through 5/31/2017
- The focus of the analysis is on the pre-cap market and the post-income cap, pre-waitlist range.



# "Before" and "After": Data Summary

#### Foundational Dataset

	CVRP Rebates	Survey Respondents
"Before" = 2015*	44,823	11,269
"After" = Current program up until waitlist (Nov 2016 – May 2017)	26,819	5,616

#### Polk CA EV Registration Data

	EV Registrations
"Before" = 2015*	61,813
"After" = Current program up until waitlist (Nov 2016 – May 2017)	54,301



\*Jan – Mar 2016 not included to avoid anomalous run-up to income cap

## How can we help?

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