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Outline: Vehicle Replacement & Incentive Influence Brief

- I. Program Design (data context)
- II. <u>Vehicle Replacement</u>
 - A. Replacement Rates
 - B. Vehicle Types Replaced
- III. Incentive Influence
 - A. Rebates
 - B. Federal Tax Credit
- IV. <u>Summary & Select Findings</u>

Additional Resources

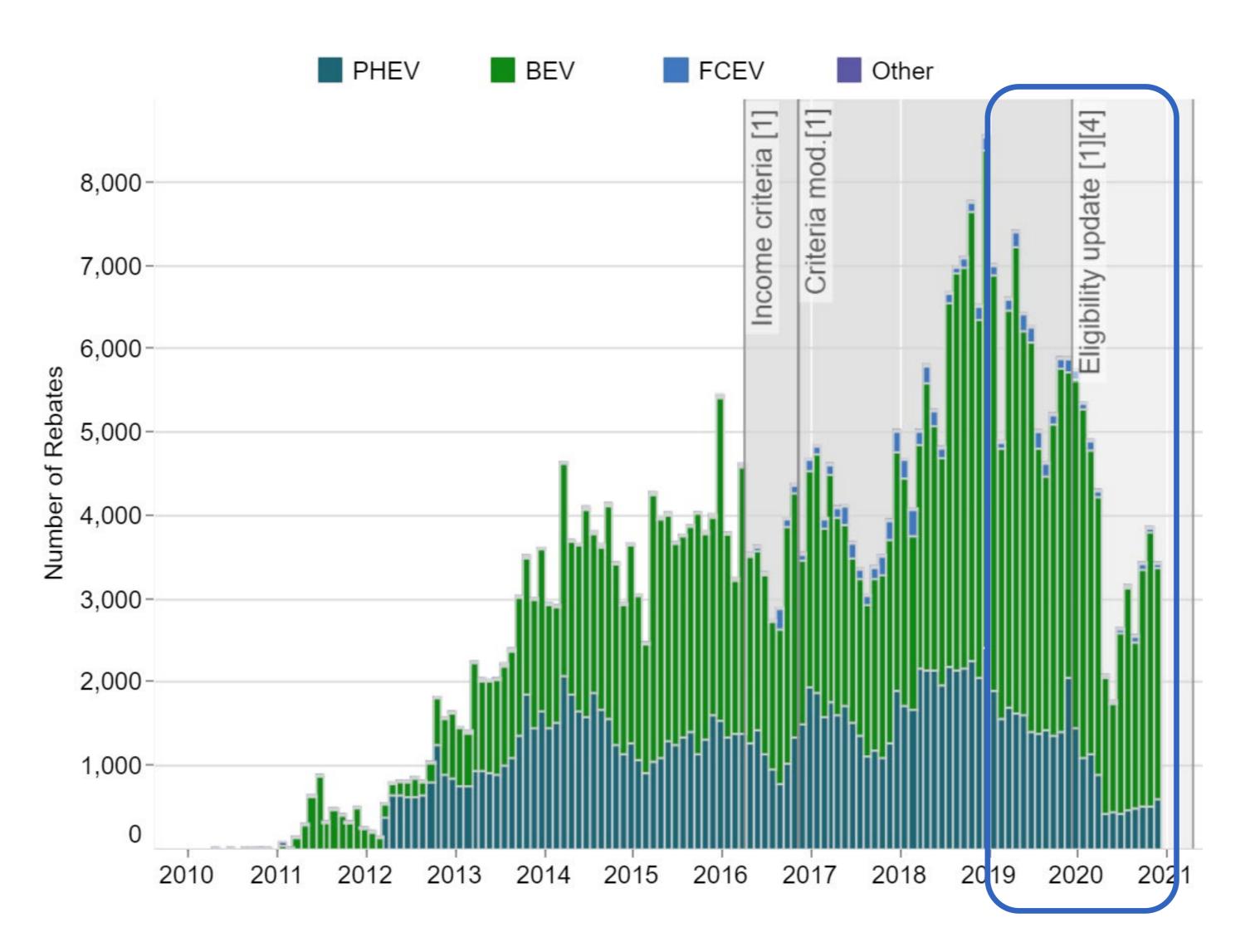
EVs = light-duty plug-in hybrid, battery, and fuel-cell electric vehicles (PHEVs, BEVx vehicles, BEVs, and FCEVs)







Approved Applications Over Time



5/3/21 image from <u>https://cleanvehiclerebate.org/eng/rebate-statistics</u>



With COVID exemptions, rebate applications for CY 2019 purchases/leases for individuals spanned 1/1/2019 - 1/6/2021.

16% applied in 2020.

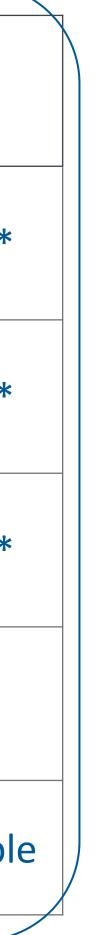


Base Rebate Amounts for Individuals

	as of	as of	as of	as of	as of	as of	as of
	Mar. 2010	Jun. 2011	Jul. 2013	Jun. 2014	Mar. 2016	Nov. 2016	Dec. 2019
Fuel-Cell EVs	\$3,000- \$5,000 [‡]	\$1,500- \$2,500 [‡]	\$2,500	\$5,000	\$5,000 *	\$5,000**	\$4,500***
Battery EVs [†]	\$3,000- \$5,000 [‡]	\$1,500– \$2,500 [‡]	\$2,500	\$2,500	\$2,500 *	\$2,500**	\$2,000***
Plug-in Hybrid EVs	\$3,000	\$1,500	\$1,500	\$1,500	\$1,500 *	\$1,500**	\$1,000***
Zero-Emission Motorcycles	\$1,500	\$900	\$900	\$900	\$900	\$900	\$750
Neighborhood EVs	\$1,500	\$900	\$900	\$900	\$900	None eligible	None eligible
Commercial Zero- Emission Vehicles	\$20,000		1	+ Amoun	+ Includes range- ts varied by ZEV typ	extended battery e be. For definitions, s	



+ Includes range-extended battery electric vehicles.
+ Amounts varied by ZEV type. For definitions, see CCR 1962.1.
* Lower-income consumers eligible for an additional \$1,500.
** Lower-income consumers eligible for an additional \$2,000.
*** Lower-income consumers eligible for an additional \$2,500.





Program Design Shapes Outcomes

Ē			1		
	as of Mar. 2010	as of Dec. 2013	as of Dec. 2014 / Jan. 2015	as of Mar. 2016	as of Nov. 2016
	 Incentive stacking permitted 	 Rebates per year limit = 2 	 30-month ownership requirement 	 \$250k-\$500k income cap (PEVs) 	 \$150k-\$300k income cap (PEVs)
	• 36-month ownership		(retroactive)	 +\$1,500 for income- 	• +\$2,000 for income-
	requirement	ment as of May 2014 • Total rebate limit = 2 qualifie		qualified households	qualified households
	 Rebates per year 	 18-month application 		(≤ 300% FPL),	(≤ 300% FPL), excl. ZI
	limit = 20	window		excluding ZEMs	• ≥ 20 UDDS electric m

as of Jan. 2018	as of Jan. 2019	as of Dec. 2019	as of Apr. 2020	as of Apr. 2021
 \$150k-\$300k income cap on stacking HOV decal 	 Stacking with CVAP grant not permitted (retroactive) 	 Base MSRP ≤ \$60k (PEVs) ≥ 35 UDDS electric miles +\$2,500⁺ for income- 	grant normittad	 ≥ 30 U.S. EPA electric miles (45 UDDS) Rebate Now
 (only binding on FCEVs) 		qualified households (≤ 300% FPL), excl. ZEMs	as of Jan. 2021	preapproval option limited to income-
 Rebate Now San Diego County preapproval pilot with point-of-sale 		 3-month application window [‡] 	 +\$2,500 for income- qualified households (≤ 400% FPL), excl. 	qualified households expanded to include Valley
option		 Total rebates limit = 1[§] 	ZEMs	

 PEVs = plug-in EVs. FPL = Federal Poverty Level. ZEMs = zero-emission motorcycles. UDDS = Urban Dynomometer Driving Schedule. HOV = high-occupancy-vehicle. FCEVs = fuel-cell EVs. CVAP = Clean Vehicle Assistance Program. MSRP = manufacturer suggested retail price.
 † Change due to \$500 decrease in standard rebate amounts. ‡ COVID exemptions on application window effectively delayed implementation until 4/15/2021. § A second rebate can be approved for a FCEV if the first rebate was for a PEV.









Funding Availability Has Been Regularly Disrupted (as of Oct 2019)

Table 3: CVRP Waitlists

Waitlist Year	Start Date	End Date	Length in Days
2011*	6/20	9/30	102
2013*	5/1	6/30	60
2014	3/28	7/22	116
2016	6/11	9/28	109
2017**	6/30	11/20	143
2019**	6/5	9/23	110

* Dates approximate.

** For standard applications only; no waitlist for income-qualified increased rebates.

Image from https://cleanvehiclerebate.org/sites/default/files/attachments/CVRP_Disruptions_Fact_Sheet.pdf





CA Consumer Survey Data: Plug-in EVs* (Shows Rebates to Individuals Only)

	2013–2015 Edition	2015–2016 Edition	2016–2017 Edition	2017–2019 Edition	Total
Vehicle Purchase/ Lease Dates	Sep. 2012 – May 2015	April 2015 – May 2016	May 2016 – May 2017	June 2017 – Dec.2019	Sep. 2012 – Dec. 2019
Survey Responses (total n)**	19,460	11,611	8,957	25,615	65,643
Program Population (N)***	91,100	45,700	46,800	149,000	332,600

* PEVs include PHEVs and BEVs.

** Subsequently weighted to represent the program population along the dimensions of vehicle category, vehicle model, buy vs. lease, and county. *** Small numbers of rebated vehicles are not represented in the time frames due to application lags. Rounded to nearest 100.







Consumer Survey Data (Shows Rebates to Individuals Only)

	CLEAN VEHICLE REBATE PROJECT	Massachusetts Offers Rebates for Electric Vehicles	Connecticut Hydrogen and Electric Automobile Purchase Rebate		Total
Vehicle Purchase/ Lease Dates	Sep. 2012* – Dec. 2019	Jun. 2014 – Apr. 2020	May 2015 – Sep. 2018	Mar. 2017 – Jul. 2018	Sep. 2012* – Apr. 2020
Survey Responses (total n)**	66,902	6,616	1,565	1,808	76,891
Program Population (N)***	339,200	16,100	3,500	8,600	367,400

*Two fuel-cell EVs rebated by CVRP with purchase/lease dates from Dec. 2010 – Sep. 2012 are included.
** Subsequently weighted to represent the program population along the dimensions of vehicle category, model, buy vs. lease, and county.
*** Small numbers of rebated vehicles are not represented in the time frames due to application lags. Rounded to nearest 100.

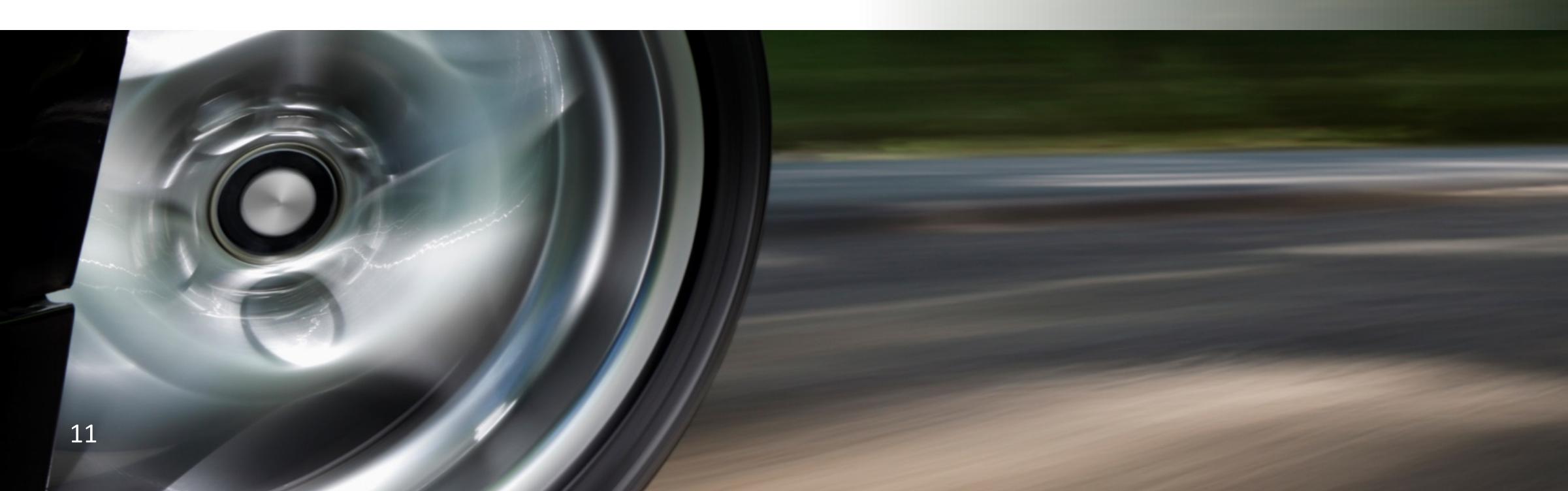






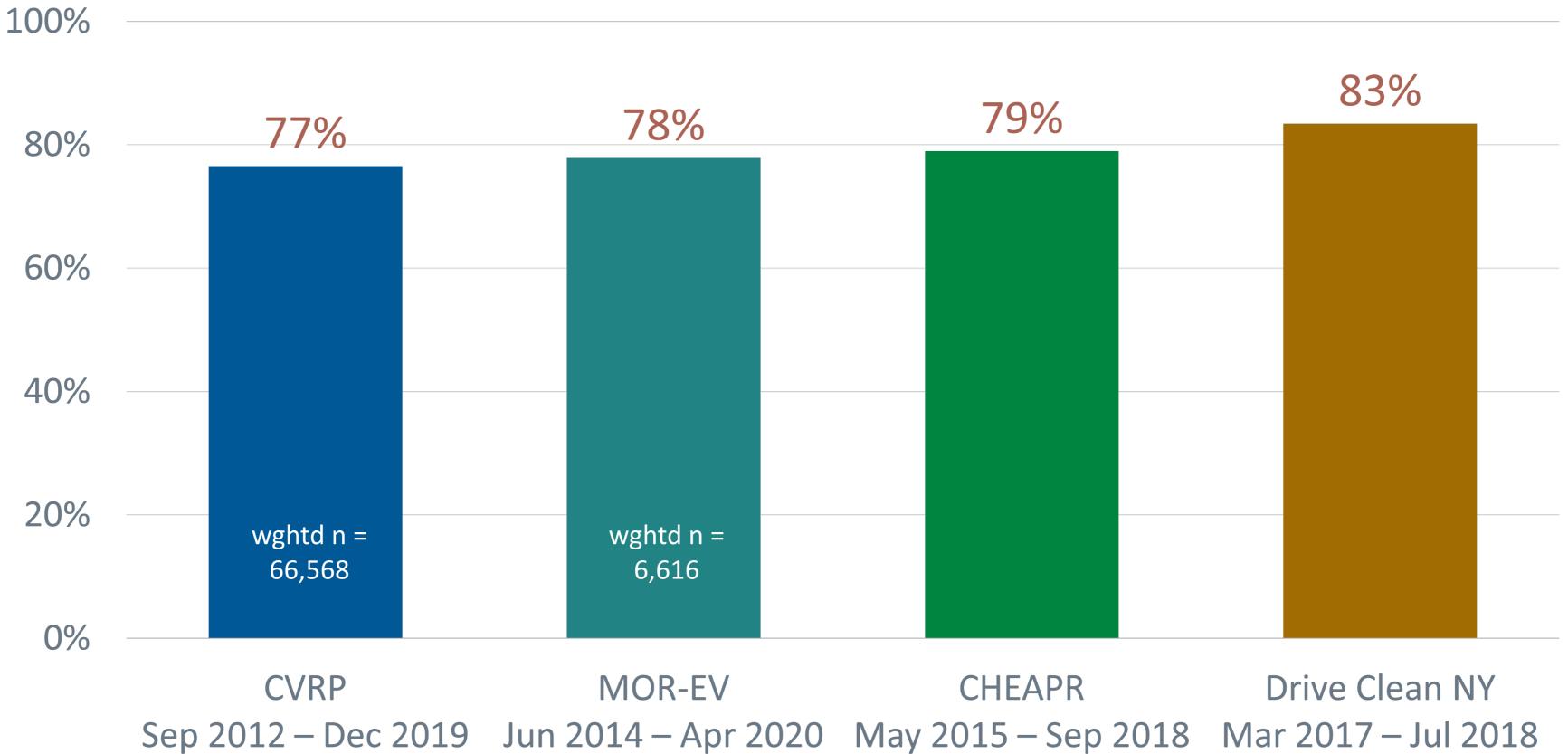


Vehicle Replacement Rates





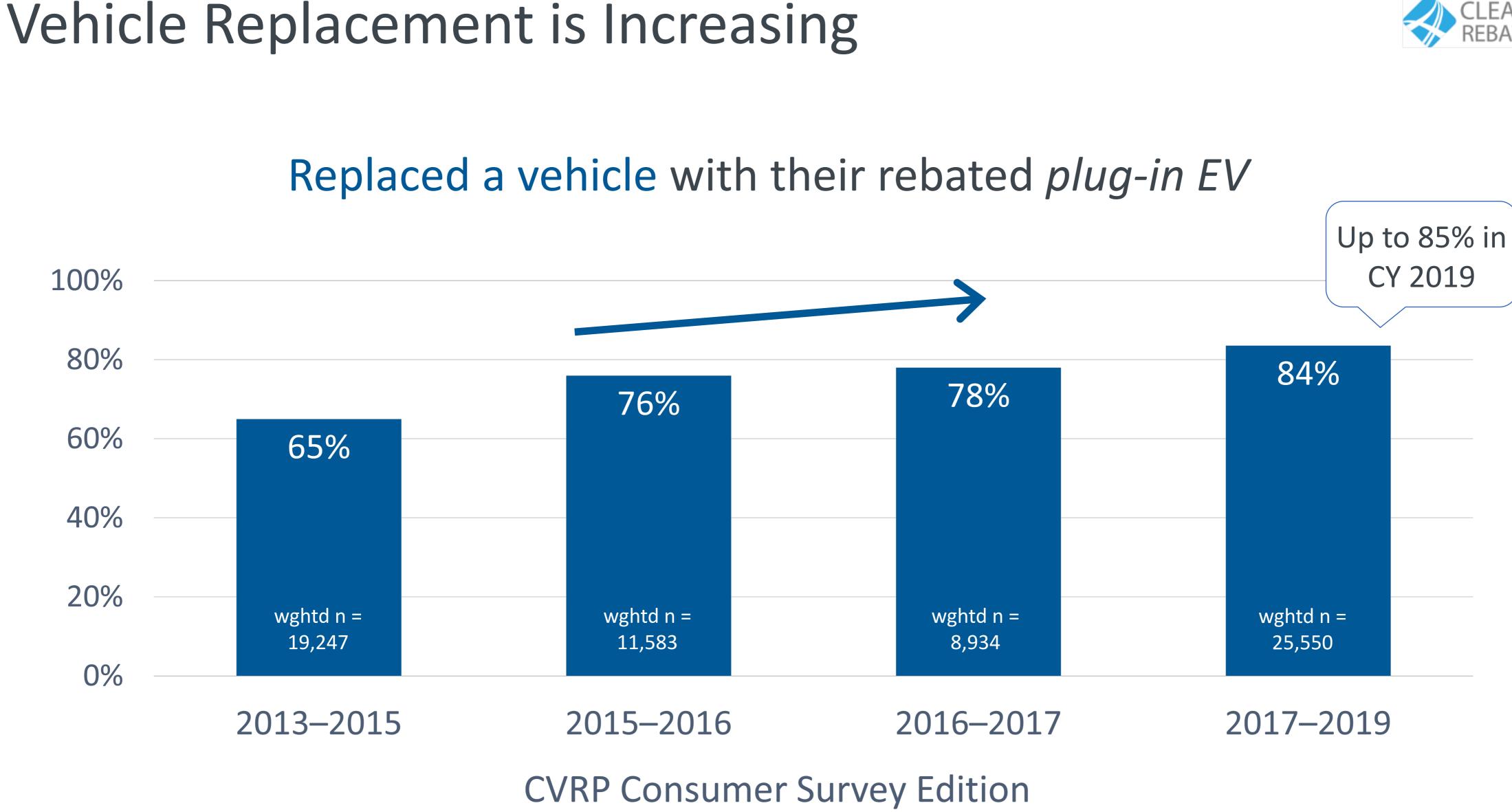
Replaced a vehicle with their rebated clean vehicle



Overall datasets: 76,891 total survey respondents weighted to represent 367,400 rebate recipients.

Do EVs Get Used?





Overall datasets: 65,643 total survey respondents weighted to represent 332,600 rebate recipients.

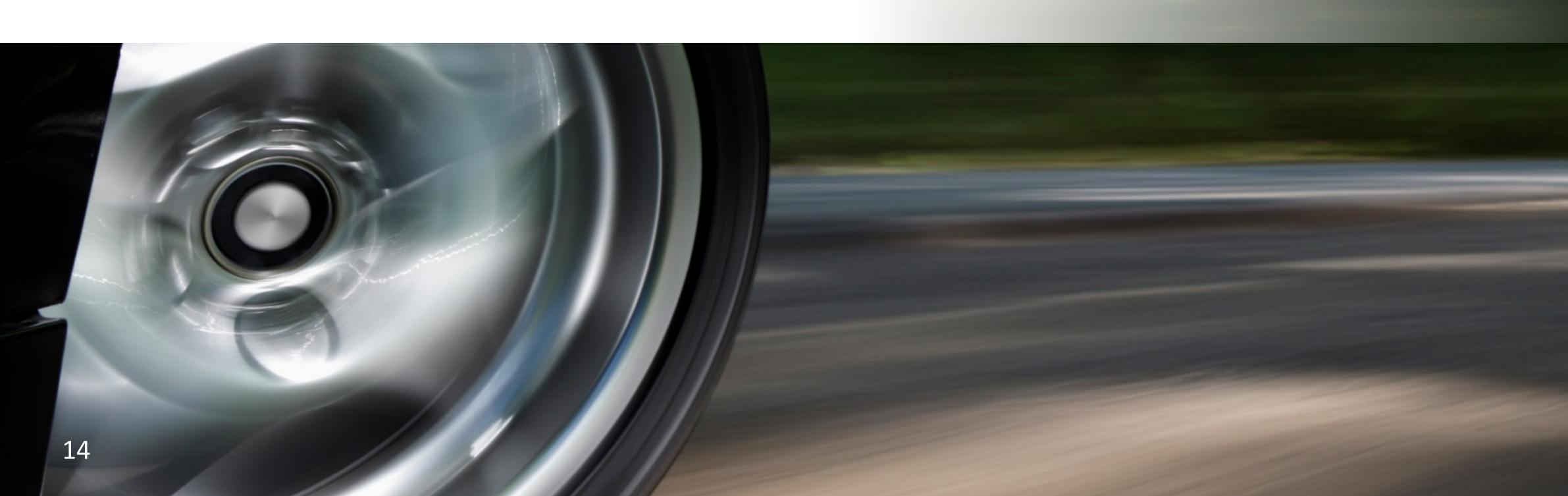


2017-2019



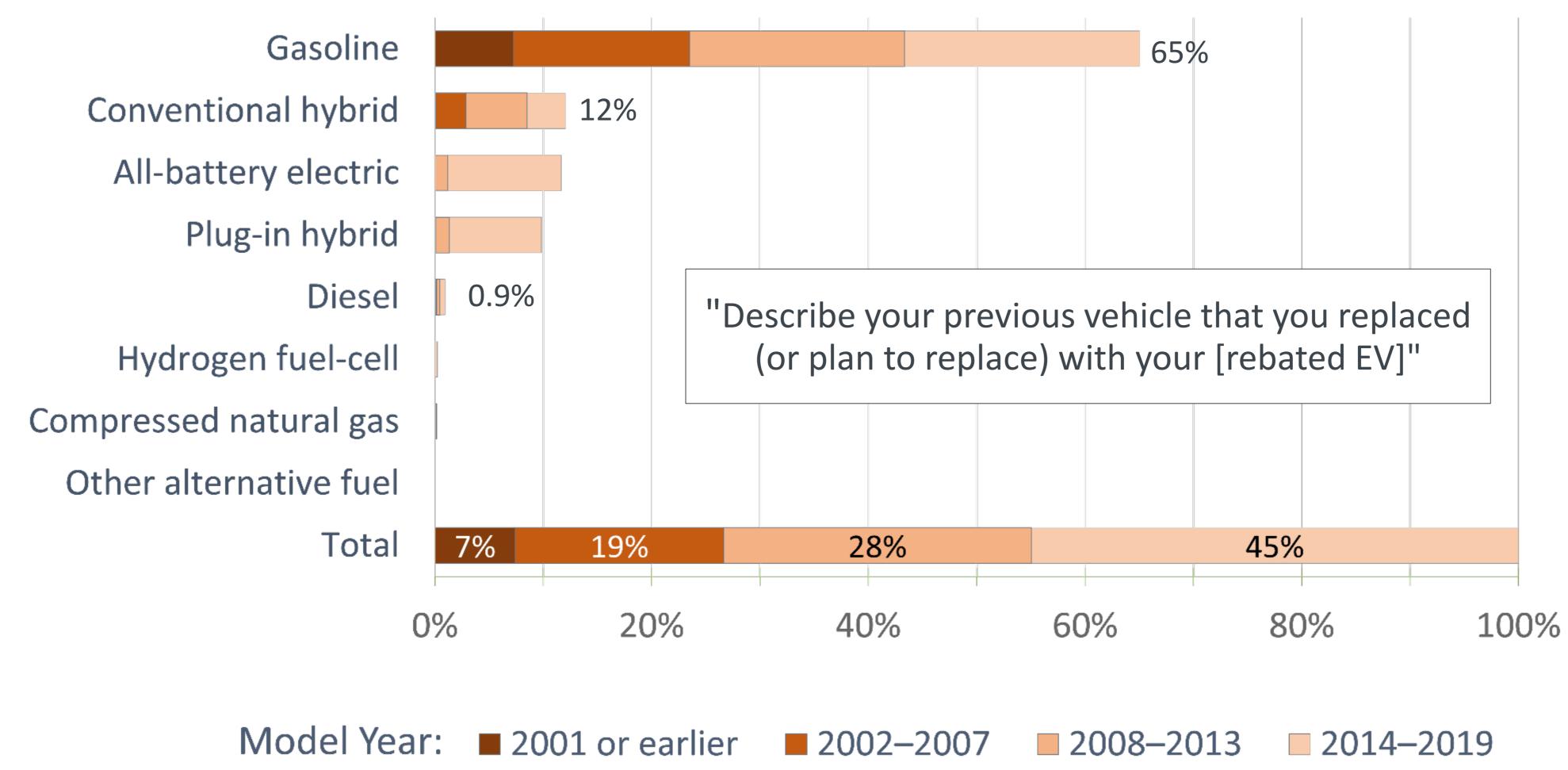


Vehicle Types Replaced





What Vehicles Have Rebates Helped Replace? CY 2019 Plug-in Electric Vehicle Purchases/Leases



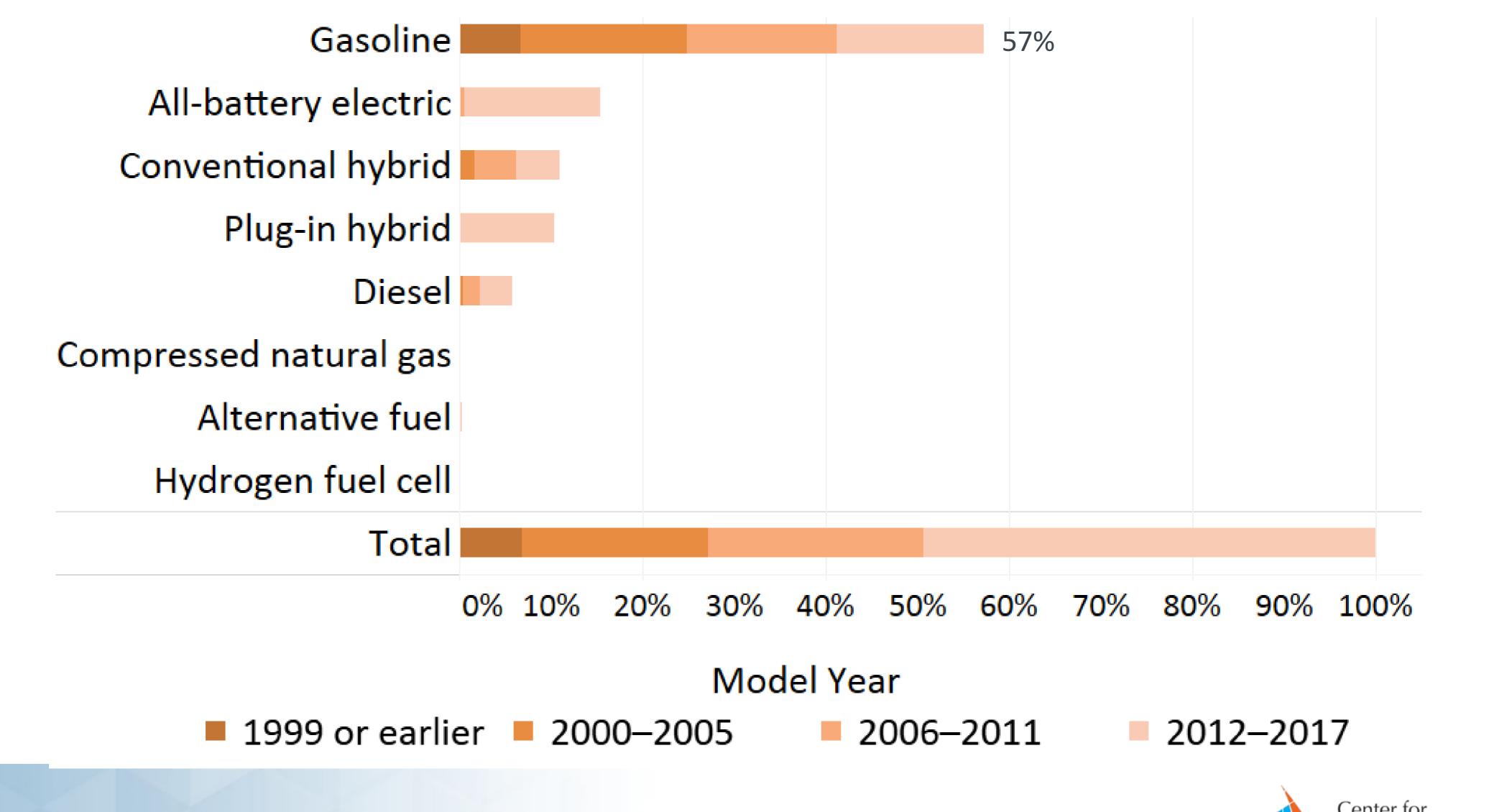
CVRP Consumer Survey: 2017–2019 edition. Filtered, question-specific, weighted n = 4,465.







What Vehicles Have Rebates Helped Replace? Plug-in Electric Vehicle Purchases/Leases



CVRP Consumer Survey. 2016–2017 edition, trimmed to start November 2016, weighted n=4,695 Center for Sustainable Energy





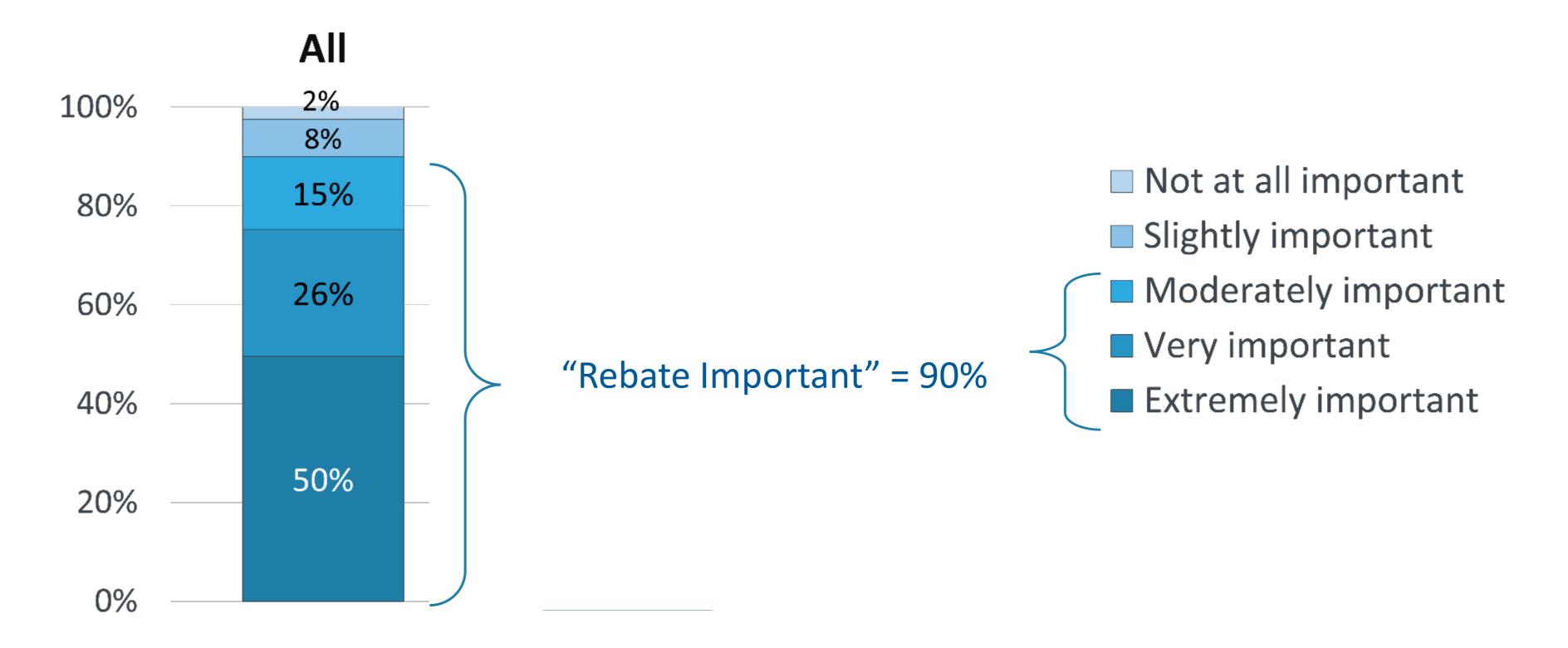








Rebate Importance (CY 2019 Plug-in EVs)





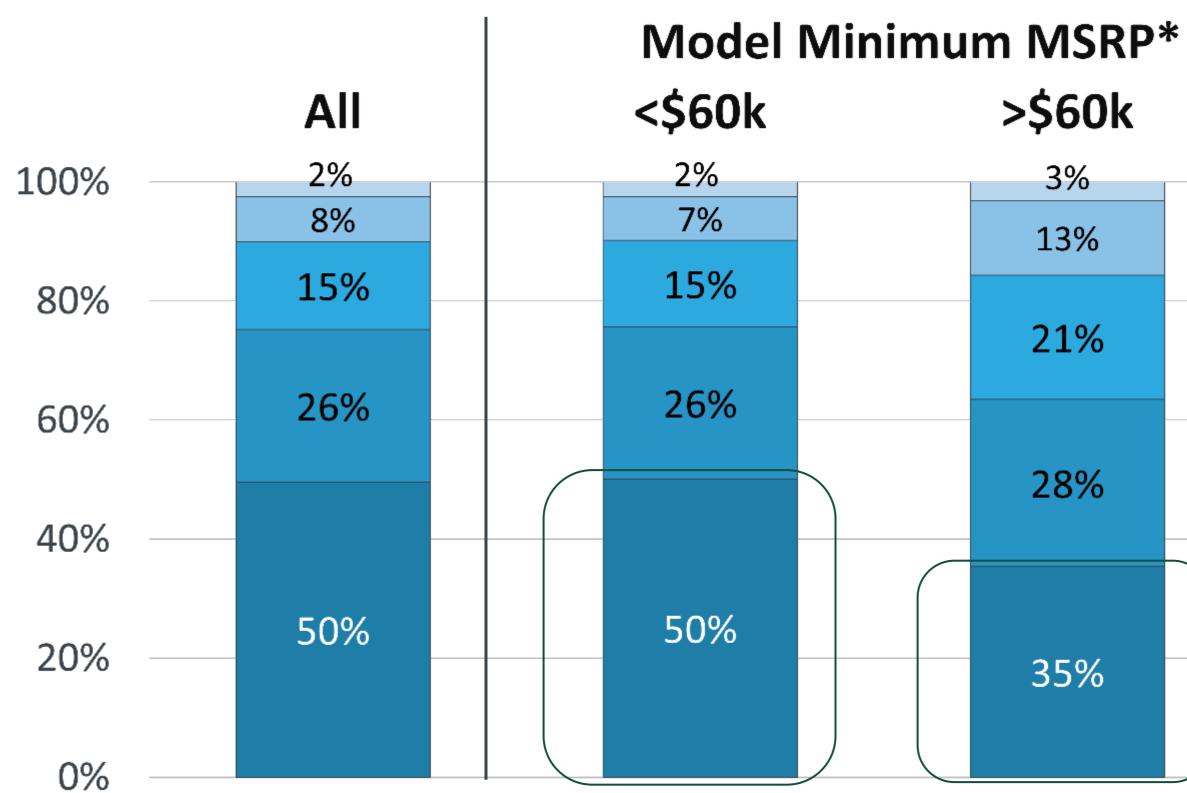
How important was the state rebate in making it possible for you to acquire your clean vehicle?

CVRP Consumer Survey: 2017–2019 edition. Question-specific weighted n = 6,120. Starting Dec. 2019, PEVs with base MSRP greater than \$60k became ineligible.





Rebate Importance Decreases Above \$60k MSRP (CY 2019 Plug-in EVs)



*Each vehicle was assigned the minimum Manufacturer's Suggested Retail Price (MSRP) for that model/MY on fueleconomy.gov and does not reflect sale price. Where MSRPs were unavailable for a given MY, MSRPs from the previous or following MY were used. Tesla Model 3's were assigned an MSRP of \$49k for MY 2018, \$35k for MY 2019 and 2020.

CVRP Consumer Survey: 2017–2019 edition. Question weighted n = 6,120. Starting Dec. 2019, PEVs with base MSRP greater than \$60k became ineligible.



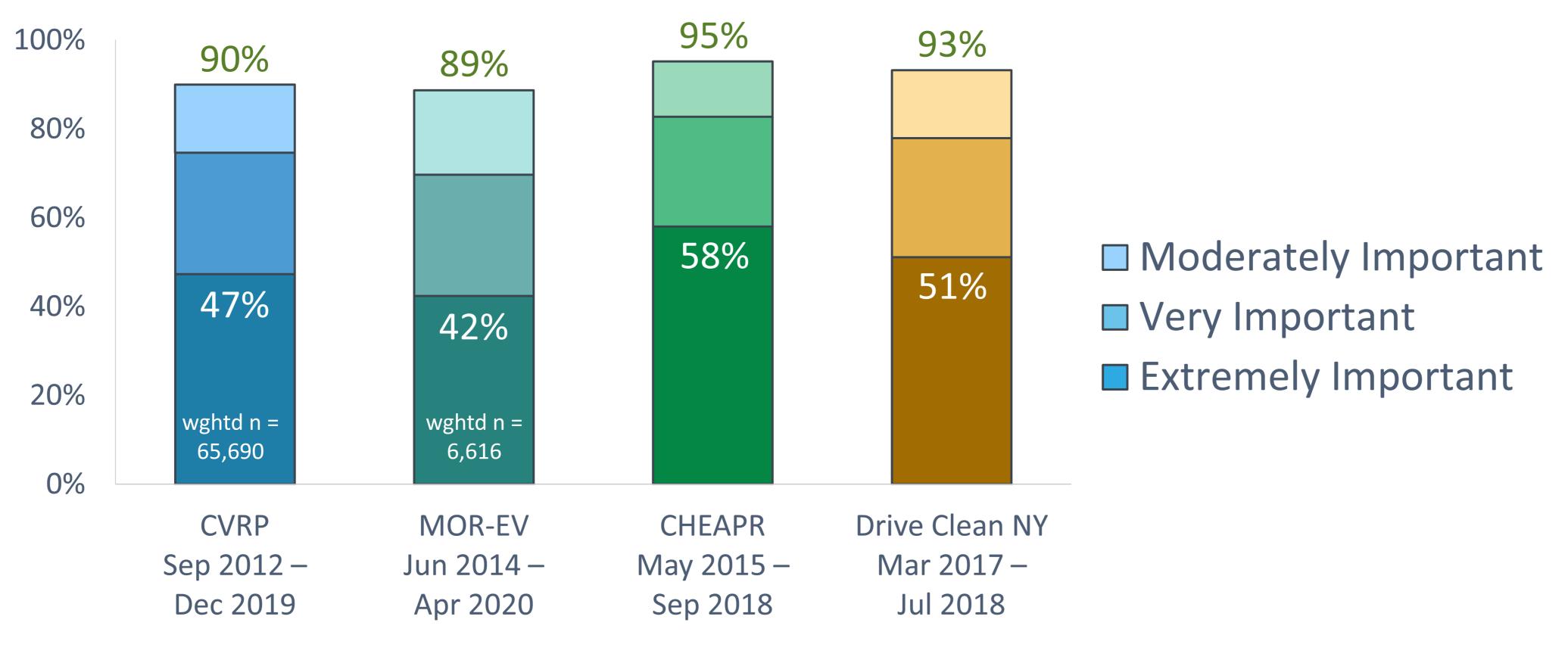
How important was the state rebate in making it possible for you to acquire your clean vehicle?

>\$60k 3% 13% Not at all important Slightly important 21% Moderately important Very important 28% Extremely important 35%





Rebate Influence: Importance



Overall datasets: 76,891 total survey respondents weighted to represent 367,400 rebate recipients.

How important was the state rebate in making it possible for you to acquire your clean vehicle?



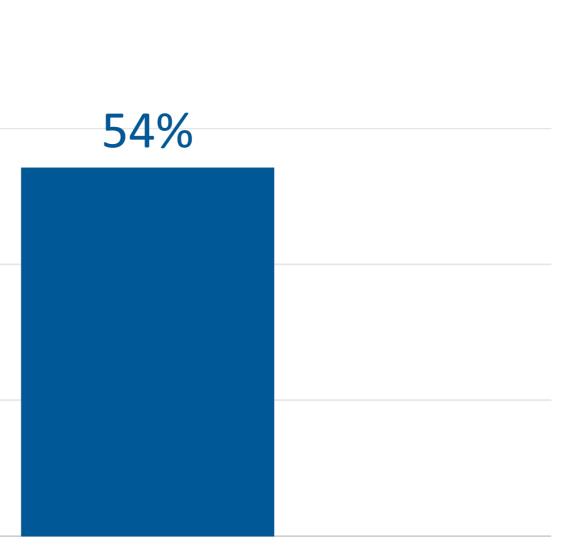
Rebate Essentiality (CY 2019 Plug-in EV Purchases/Leases)

 100%
80%
60%
40%
 20%
 0%

CVRP Consumer Survey: 2017–2019 edition. Filtered question, weighted n = 6,158. Starting 12/2019, PEVs with base MSRP > \$60k became ineligible.

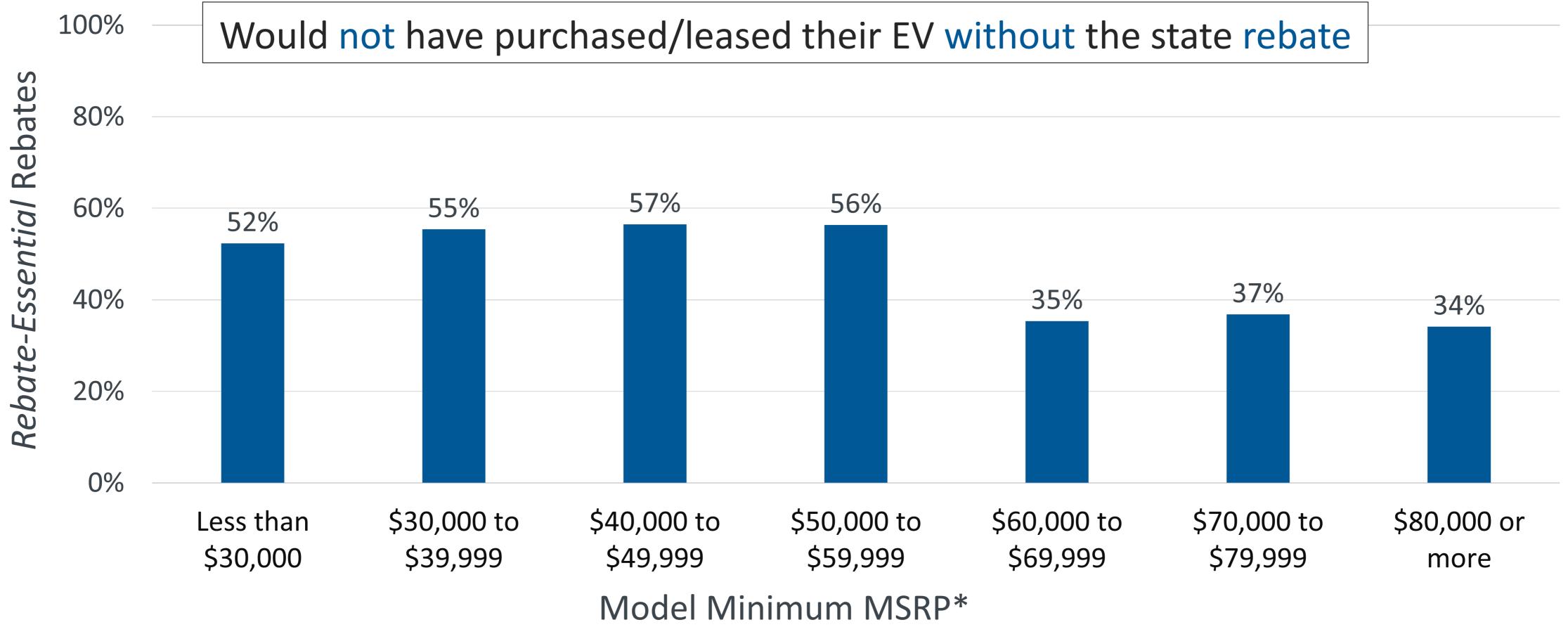


Would not have purchased/leased their EV without the state rebate





Rebate Essentiality Decreases Above \$60k MSRP (CY 2019 Plug-in EV Purchases/Leases)

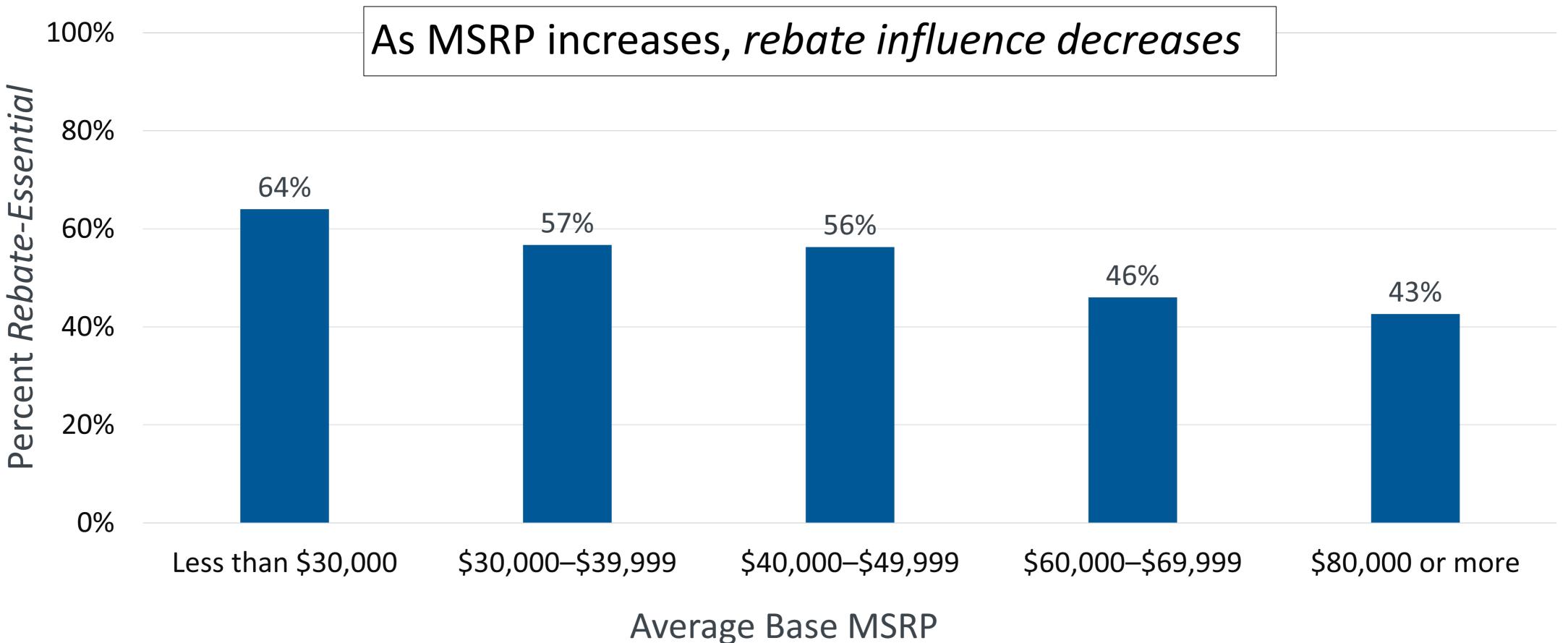


* Each vehicle was assigned the minimum Manufacturer's Suggested Retail Price (MSRP) for that model/MY on fueleconomy.gov and does not reflect sale price. Where MSRPs were unavailable for a given MY, MSRPs from the previous or following MY were used. Tesla Model 3's were assigned an MSRP of \$49k for MY 2018, \$35k for MY 2019 and 2020. CVRP Consumer Survey: 2017–2019 edition. Filtered question, weighted n = 6,158. Starting 12/2019, PEVs with base MSRP > \$60k became ineligible.

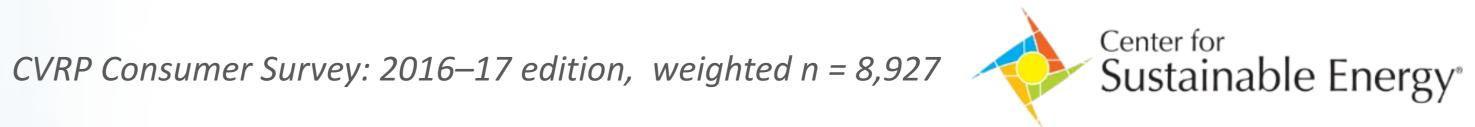




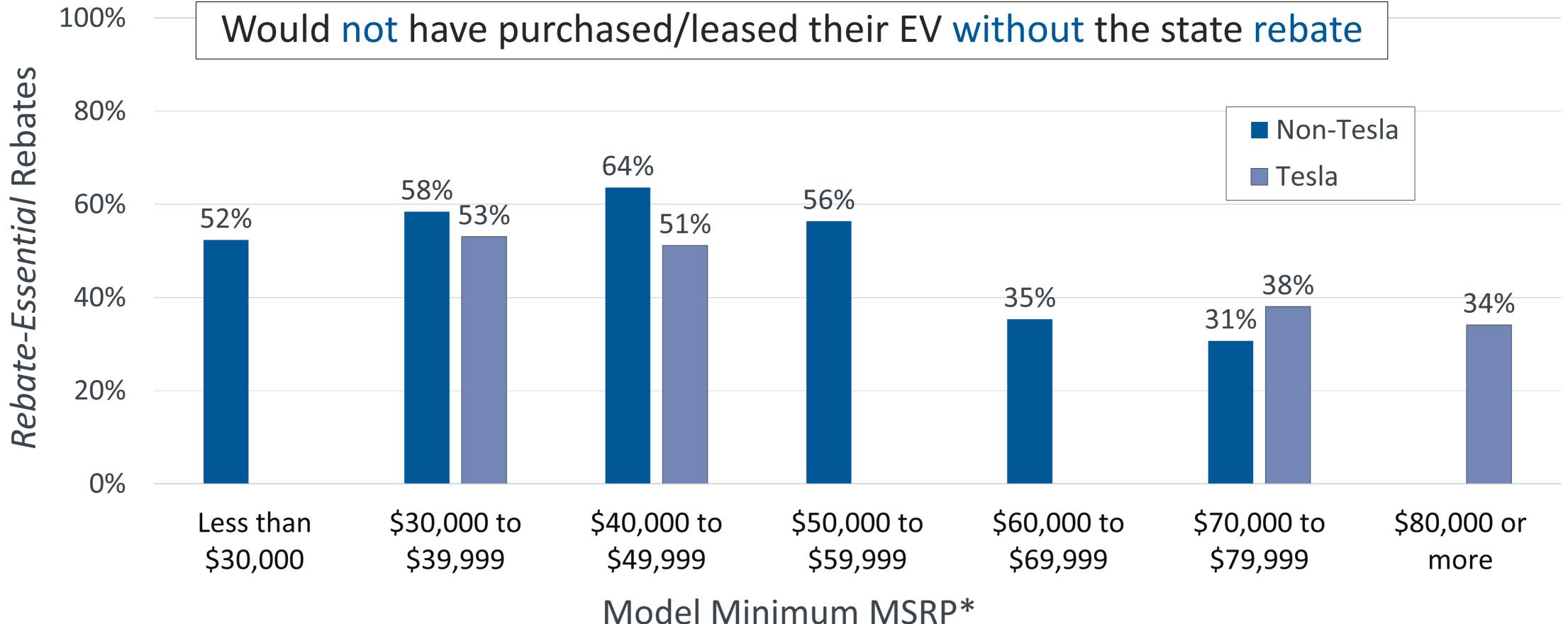
Rebate Essentiality Reflects Interesting Trends Consumer Survey, 2016–17 Edition







Rebate Essentiality Similar But Lower for Tesla (CY 2019 Plug-in EV Purchases/Leases)



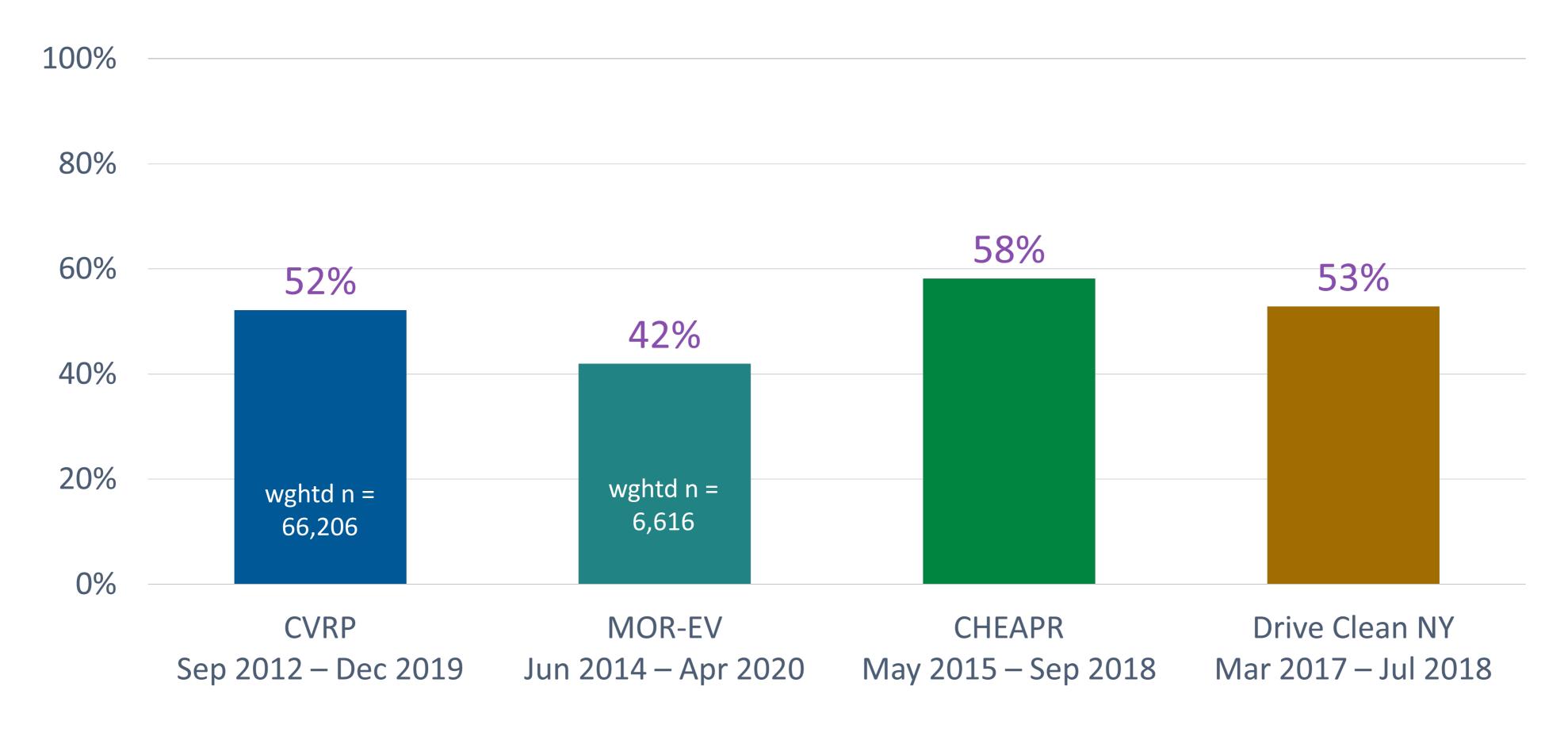
CVRP Consumer Survey: 2017–2019 edition. Filtered question, weighted n = 6,158. Starting 12/2019, PEVs with base MSRP > \$60k became ineligible. * Each vehicle was assigned the minimum Manufacturer's Suggested Retail Price (MSRP) for that model/MY on fueleconomy.gov and does not reflect sale price. Where MSRPs were unavailable for a given MY, MSRPs from the previous or following MY were used. Tesla Model 3's were assigned an MSRP of \$49k for MY 2018, \$35k for MY 2019 and 2020.





Rebate Influence: Essentiality

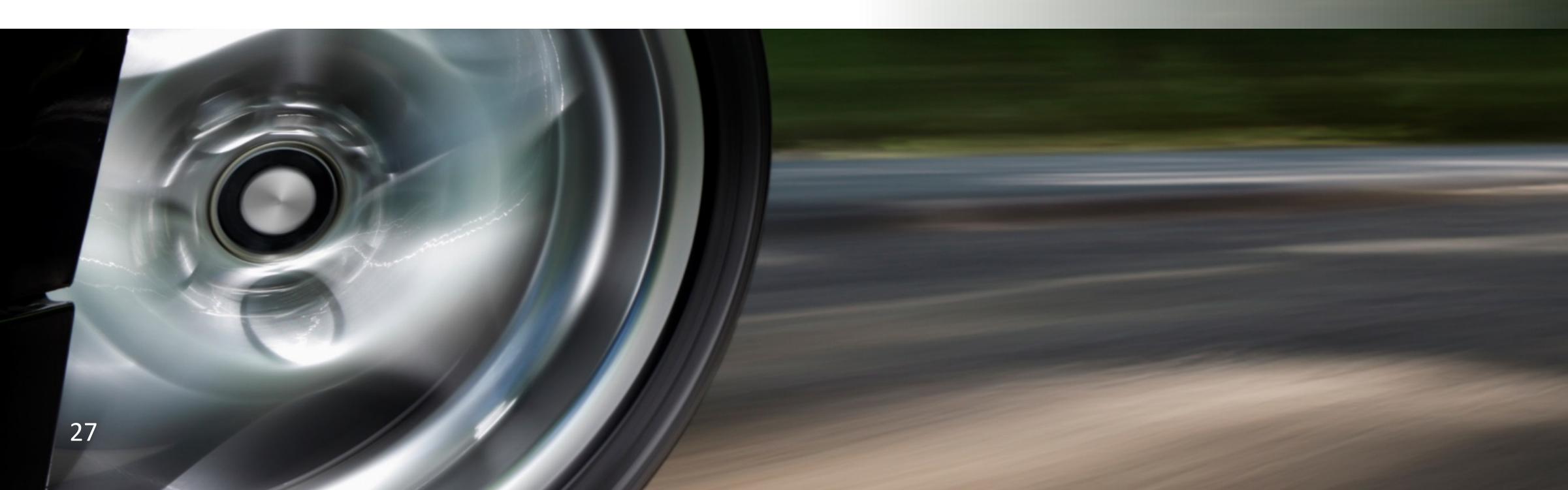
Would not have purchased/leased their clean vehicle without rebate



Overall datasets: 76,891 total survey respondents weighted to represent 367,400 rebate recipients.

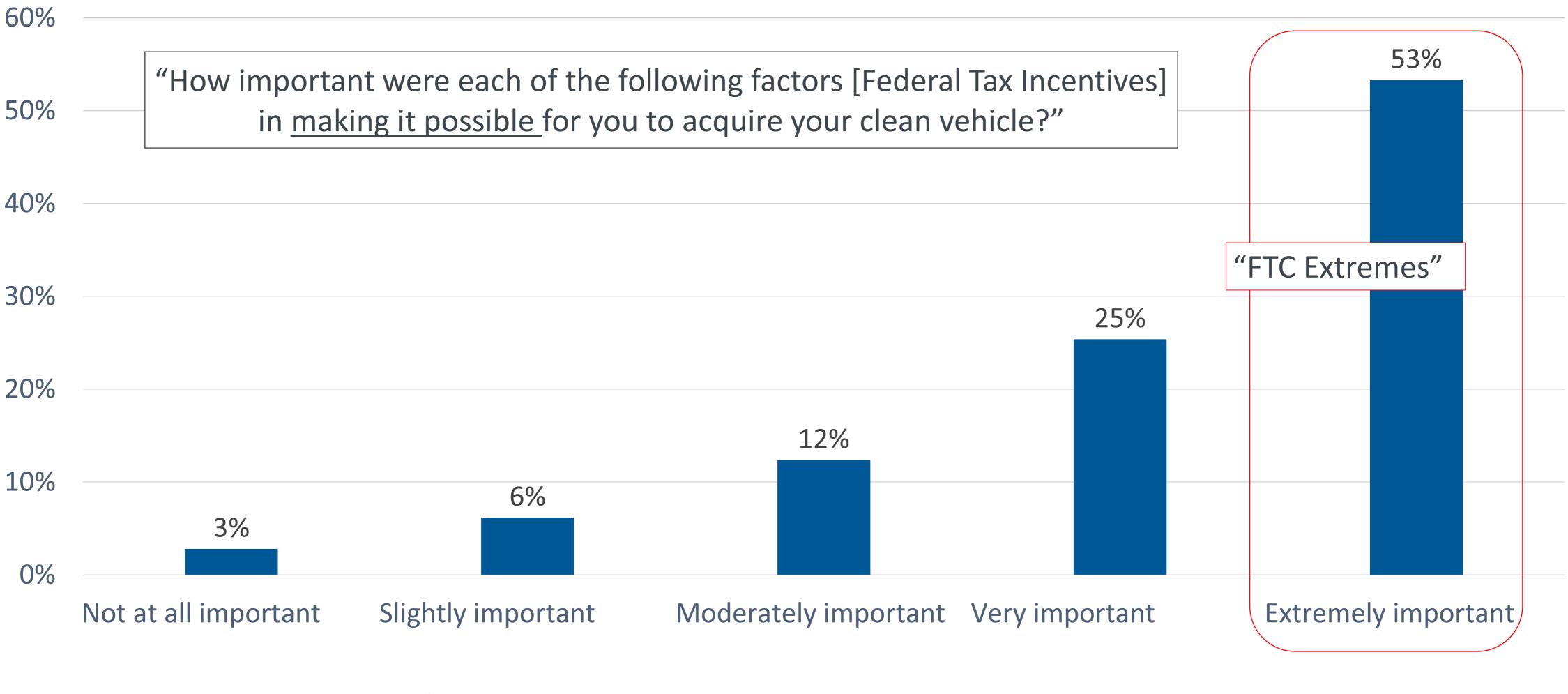


Federal Tax Credit Influence





Importance of Federal Tax Credit for Plug-in EVs Consumer Survey, 2017–19 Edition*

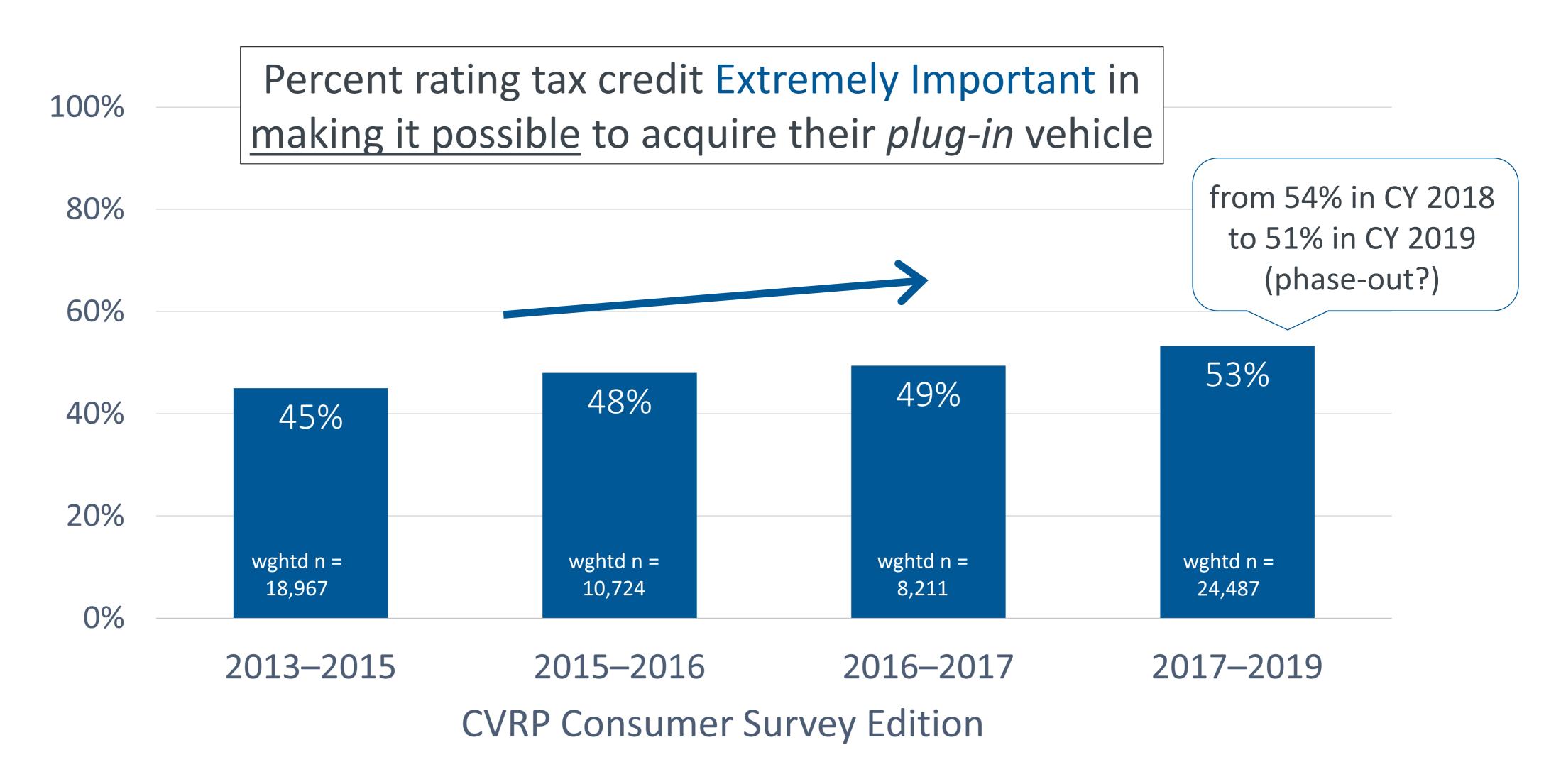


* Note: federal tax credit began phasing out for Tesla and GM in 2019 Question-specific weighted n = 24,487.





Extreme Importance of Federal Tax Credit is Increasing

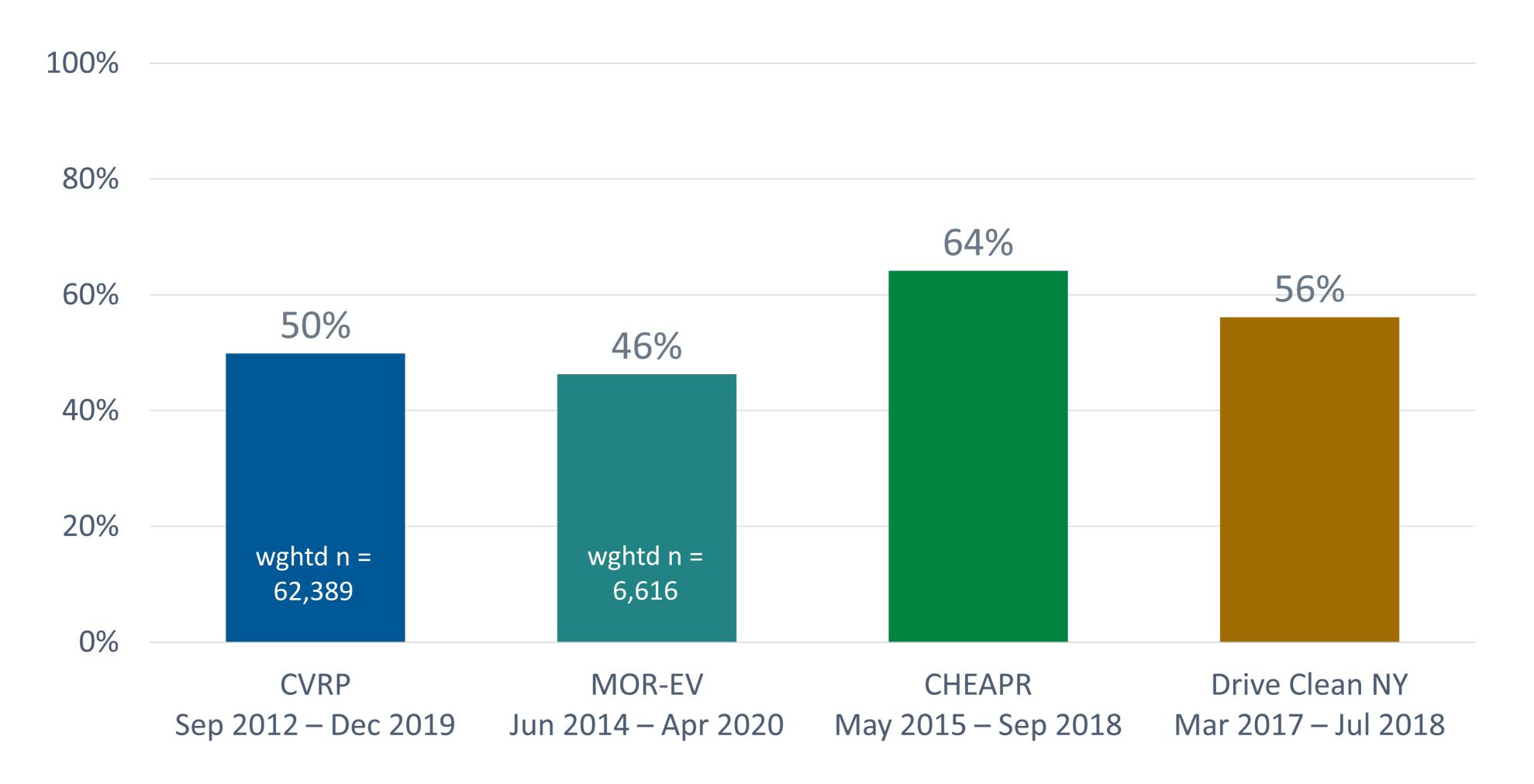


Overall datasets: 65,643 total survey respondents weighted to represent 332,600 rebate recipients.





Percent Rating the Federal Tax Credit "Extremely Important" ("...in <u>making it possible</u>" to acquire *plug-in* EVs)

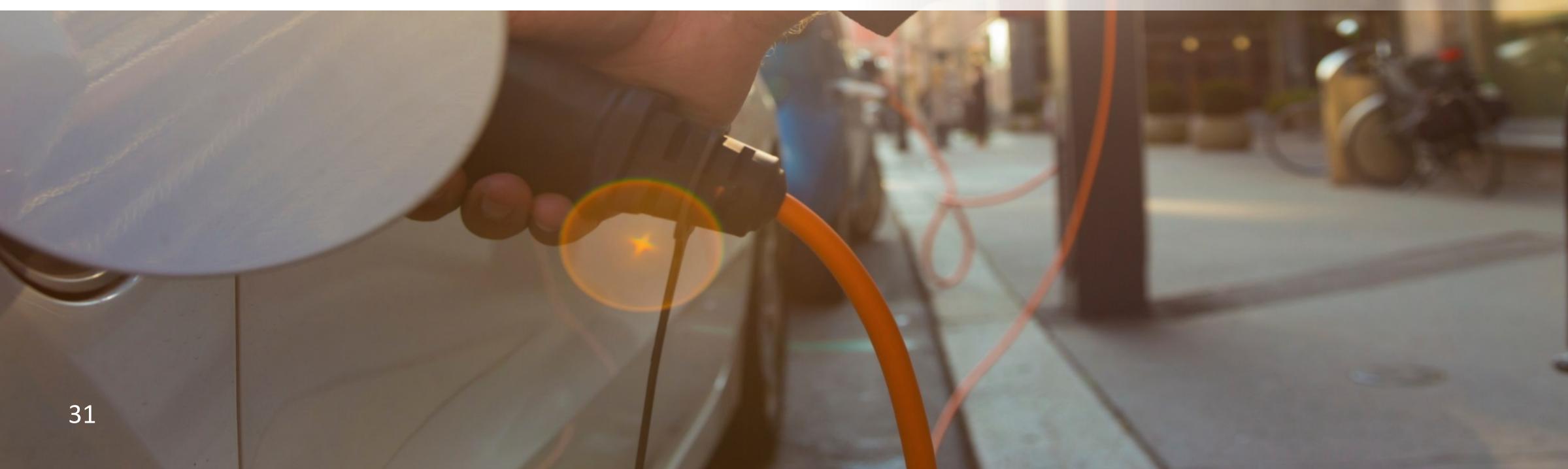


Overall datasets: 75,632 total survey respondents weighted to represent 360,800 rebate recipients.





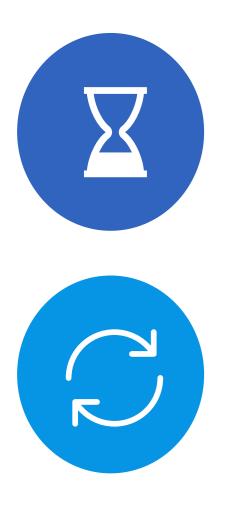
Summary & Select Findings







Summary & Select Findings: Replacement & Influence



Program design and disruptions (e.g., waitlists) **shape impacts**

Vehicle Replacement

- Increased to 85%
- >77% of replaced vehicles were gasoline-fueled; over half were MY 2013 or older

Incentive Influence

- 90% found rebate important enabler of EV acquisition; 54% would not have purchased/leased without it
- At MSRP greater than \$60k, rebate influence decreases substantially • Attractive offerings (including Tesla products) have somewhat lower *Rebate Essentiality*, but the differences between luxury/non-luxury MSRPs are bigger Rebate influence and federal-tax-credit influence are similar Over half rated federal tax credit an extremely important enabler

- Down somewhat from 2018 peak when all vehicles were still eligible











Select Publications (Reverse Chronological, as of 12/21/21)

- **Evaluation Conference 2022.**
- \bullet Vehicle Rebate Project with Program Data and Other Case-Specific Inputs," Energies, vol. 14, no. 15, Jul. 2021.
- B. D. H. Williams and J. B. Anderson, "Strategically Targeting Plug-In Electric Vehicle Rebates and Outreach Using 'EV Convert' \bullet <u>Characteristics</u>," Energies, vol. 14, no. 7, p. 1899, Mar. 2021.
- \bullet Zenodo, Portland OR, 2020. https://doi.org/10.5281/ZENODO.4021408
- in Hybrid and Electric Vehicle Research Center, 2019.
- \bullet <u>2013–2015 Edition</u> | Clean Vehicle Rebate Project, Center for Sustainable Energy (CSE), San Diego CA, 2018.
- \bullet Consumers in 2016–2017, in: 31st Int. Electr. Veh. Symp., Society of Automotive Engineers of Japan, Inc., Kobe, Japan, 2018.
- Sustainable Energy (CSE), 2017.
- *Transp. Res. Rec.* 2628 (2017) 23–31.



N. Pallonetti and B.D.H. Williams (2022, January). "Evaluating the Cost-Effectiveness of Greenhouse Gas Emission Reductions Associated with Statewide Electric Vehicle Rebate Programs in California and Massachusetts in 2019," in procs. International Energy Program

N. Pallonetti and B. D. H. Williams, "Refining Estimates of Fuel-Cycle Greenhouse-Gas Emission Reductions Associated with California's Clean

B.D.H. Williams, J.B. Anderson, A. Lastuka, Characterizing Plug-in Hybrid Electric Vehicle Consumers Who Found the U.S. Federal Tax Credit Extremely Important in Enabling Their Purchase, in: 33rd Electr. Veh. Symp., Electric Drive Transportation Association (EDTA), EVS33, and

S. Hardman, P. Plötz, G. Tal, J. Axsen, E. Figenbaum, P. Jochem, S. Karlsson, N. Refa, F. Sprei, B.D. Williams, J. Whitehead, B. Witkamp, Exploring the Role of Plug-In Hybrid Electric Vehicles in Electrifying Passenger Transportation, International EV Policy Council, UC Davis Plug-

B.D. Williams, J. Orose, M. Jones, J.B. Anderson, Summary of Disadvantaged Community Responses to the Electric Vehicle Consumer Survey,

B.D. Williams, J.B. Anderson, Strategically Targeting Plug-in Electric Vehicle Rebates and Outreach Using Characteristics of 'Rebate-Essential"

C. Johnson, B.D. Williams, J.B. Anderson, N. Appenzeller, Evaluating the Connecticut Dealer Incentive for Electric Vehicle Sales, Center for

• C. Johnson, B.D. Williams, Characterizing Plug-In Hybrid Electric Vehicle Consumers Most Influenced by California's Electric Vehicle Rebate,



Select Presentations (Reverse Chronological, as of 2/22)

- •
- Data from Statewide Electric Vehicle Rebate Programs: Vehicles, Consumers, Impacts, and Effectiveness
- CVRP CY 2019 Data Brief: Vehicle Replacement & Incentive Influence
- CVRP CY 2019 Data Brief: Consumer Characteristics lacksquare
- **CVRP Data Brief: MSRP Considerations**
- What Vehicles Are Electric Vehicles Replacing and Why?
- **Electric Vehicle Incentives and Policies**
- Proposed FY 2019–20 Funding Plan: Final CVRP Supporting Analysis
- **CVRP:** Data and Analysis Update
- Cost-Effectively Targeting EV Outreach and Incentives to "Rebate-Essential" Consumers
- Electric Vehicle Rebates: Exploring Indicators of Impact in Four States
- Targeting EV Consumer Segments & Incentivizing Dealers
- Supporting EV Commercialization with Rebates: Statewide Programs, Vehicle & Consumer Data, and Select Findings
- **CVRP Income Cap Analysis: Informing Policy Discussions** ${\color{black}\bullet}$



Cost-Effectiveness of Greenhouse Gas Emission Reductions Associated with California's Clean Vehicle Rebate Project in 2019 (and 2020) California Plug-in Hybrid EV Consumers Who Found the U.S. Federal Tax Credit Extremely Important in Enabling Their Purchase

EV Purchase Incentives: Program Design, Outputs, and Outcomes of Four Statewide Programs with a Focus on Massachusetts

Yale Webinar: Supporting EV Commercialization with Rebates: Statewide Programs, Vehicle & Consumer Data, and Findings



Recommended citation:

B.D.H. Williams and N. Pallonetti, Presentation: "CVRP CY 2019 Data Brief: Vehicle Replacement & Incentive Influence," Clean Vehicle Rebate Project, administered by the Center for Sustainable Energy on behalf of the California Air Resources Board, revised March 2022 for ADA.





Cap and Trade Dollars at Work

CleanVehicleRebate.org





